PRODUCTION TOOLS

BOSCH
Ideas that work.





CATALOGUE 2004/2005

HIGH-FREQUENCY POWER TOOLS FOR INDUSTRY

www.boschproductiontools.com

HIGH-FREQUENCY POWER TOOLS: INEXPENSIVE POWER APPLICATION.

In spite of increasing automation in industrial production, the use of hand-held tools has advantages in many work operations. These tools must fulfil several requirements: robustness, powerful and a long service life, but they must also be easy to manage with high operating comfort.



Better performance through higher frequency

Because their carbon brushes are subject to wear, universal motors of conventional power tools are unable to satisfy these requirements. On the other hand, the brushless asynchronous motor is ideally suited.

The current frequency it is supplied with determines its rotational speed, which, in turn, determines the output that can be achieved. A higher frequency therefore means a higher speed and a higher output.

High power at a constant speed

In continuous operation at 300 Hz, Bosch high-frequency tools have a power output of up to 400 Watts per kg machine weight. In the short term, peak performances of up to 2.5 times this value are possible. The speed remains almost constant - irrespective of whether the tool is being operated at idle or full load.

Unique economy

A further argument in favour of high-frequency tools: their economy. Their efficiency and thus their power consumption means that they have unrivalled economy. Their long service life and low maintenance requirements and power consumption offer an economic solution for every type of application.

Distinct environmental consciousness

Environmental thinking plays a central role in all Bosch products: from the initial development of the idea and energy saving products, to environmentally friendly packaging and disposal.

If a Bosch high-frequency tool is irreparably damaged, Bosch will take back the old tool. They are collected centrally in the service centre and passed on for careful recycling.

Special power saving measures

Bosch is also innovative in the area of power saving and places an emphasis on future-oriented technology: The heat recovery system in the Murrhard plant, for example, produces savings of over half a million litres of heating oil a year.

Information from the Internet

Bosch now offers users and others interested in industrial tools all current product information on the Internet. Here you will find a free online catalogue illustrating in text and pictures all the common cordless, air and high-frequency tools for industrial use. More information on Page 4.

Conformity

All of the air tools listed in this catalogue meet the following standards or norm documents EN 792, EN 50144, in accordance with the regulations of Directives 89/392/EEC.



Certified in accordance with ISO 9001

Certificate no. FM 30078

All weight data in this catalogue corresponds to the EPTA Procedure 01/2003.

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SCREWDRIVERS AND TAPPERS

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HIGH-FREQUENCY TECHNOLOGY

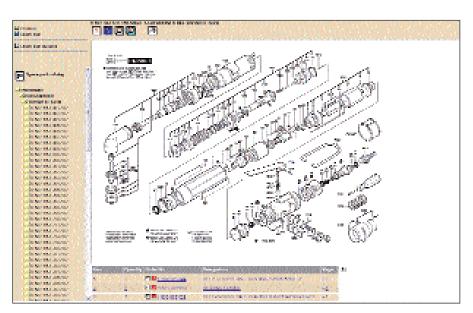
High-frequency technology correctly applied64

AN OVERVIEW WITH A SINGLE CLICK: ALL INDUSTRIAL TOOLS ONLINE.

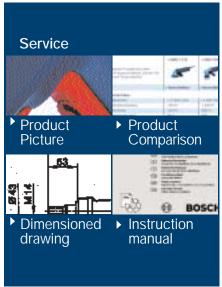
Everything the user needs to know can now be found on the Internet: under

www.boschproductiontools.com the user has an extensive online catalogue to find which products are available and how they can be applied. The selection of tools is made easier by the possibilities to run comparisons between tools. Users, for example, can display all high-frequency sanders and compare their respective data such as output or rotational speed. Furthermore, they find out the latest news about measurement data, innovations and new developments from the area of Bosch Industrial Tools. Within a short time, this provides users with all the relevant information they need to select the correct production tools.

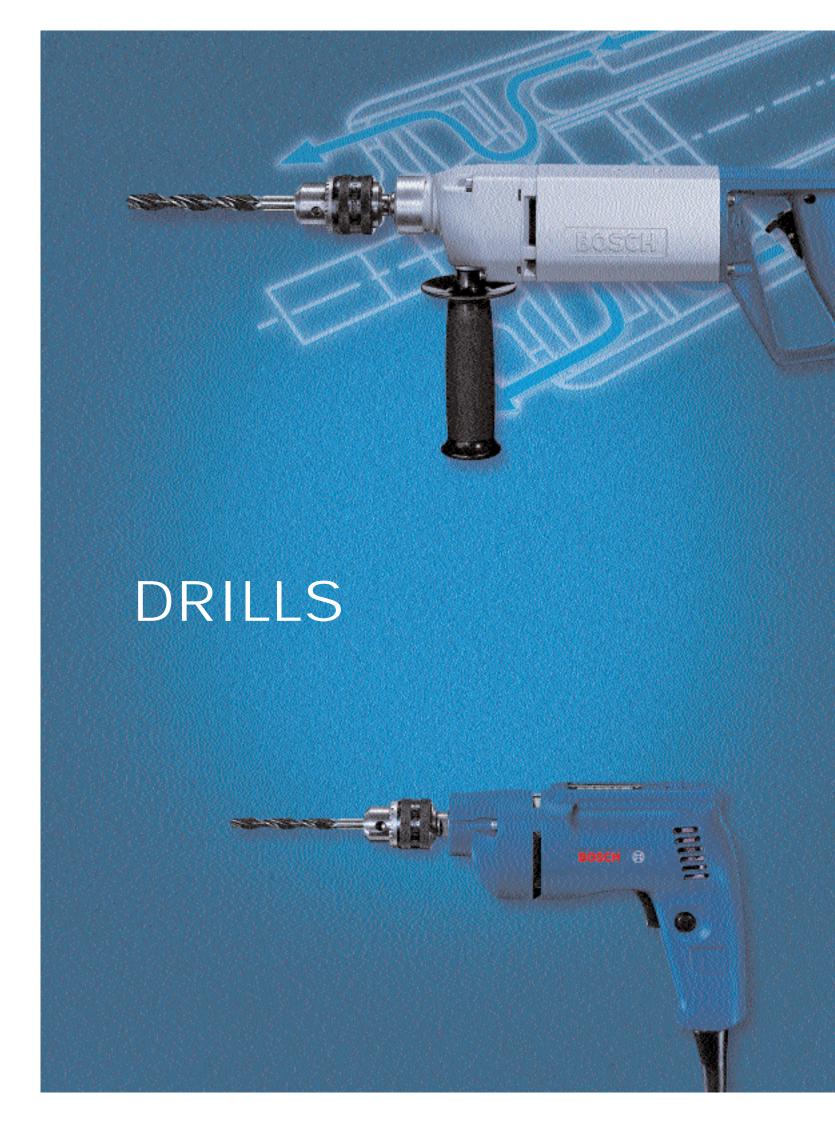




A spare parts service informs users about which spare parts they need – and where they can order them.



Operating instructions, pictures and exploded drawings can be downloaded directly from the Internet.



SELECTION GUIDE FOR DRILLS.

Selection of the right drill depends mainly on the following two points:

- drill bit diameter and
- the recommended cutting speed of the material to be processed. In the table, the preferred bit sizes are assigned to the individual drill types for some common materials. The table shows the drill bit sizes with which the individual types are able to reach the recommended cutting speeds. However, the feed of hand-held tools cannot be increased arbitrarily with increasing bit diameter, since the necessary feed force can no longer be applied. For this reason, the maximum bit diameters for steel and aluminium are allocated to the individual types on page 6. These maximum diameters were determined by tests, unlike the information in the table. In order to achieve a sufficient cutting speed with normal hand pressure, some materials should be predrilled for the following bit diameters:
- \bullet steel up to 600 N/mm² as of 8 mm
- steel up to 600 N/mm² as of 6 mm
- cast iron up to 180 N/mm² as of 10 mm
- cast iron up to 300 N/mm² as of 8 mm

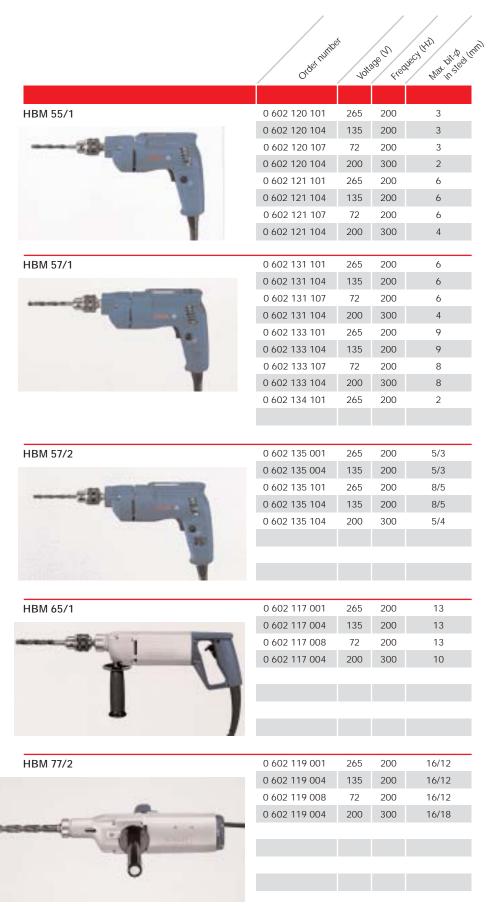
Note: If only one bit diameter is specified in the table, it refers to the lower limit of the recommended cutting speed. If nothing is specified, the recommended bit diameter is outside the clamping range of the standard chuck.



	Seel of Wh	geel out white	Cast 180 Mint	Cost 300 plostic	Brass college	Sumin	Aurinium
	20 to 25	15 to 20	20 to 30	10 to 20	50 to 60	30 to 40	80 to 120
	2 4 6 8 10 12 14 16 18 20 222	24 2 4 6 8 10 12 14 16 18 20 2224		ameter (mm) 2 4 6 8 10 12 14 16 18 20 22 24	2 4 6 8 10 12 14 16 18 20 22 24	2 4 6 8 10 12 14 16 18 20 22 24	1 2 4 6 8 10 12 14 16 18 20 22 24
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	2 4 6 8 10 12 14 16 18 20 222	24 2 4 6 8 10 12 14 16 18 20 22 24 :	2 4 6 8 10 12 14 16 18 20 22 24	2 4 6 8 10 12 14 16 18 20 22 24	2 4 6 8 10 12 14 16 18 20 22 24	2 4 6 8 10 12 14 16 18 20 22 2-	4 2 4 6 8 10 12 14 16 18 20 22 24
1. gear							
2. gear							
1. gear							
2. gear							

DRILLS.

- The suitable drills for a very wide variety of materials
- Drill at constant speed for optimised operational life
- Motors with extremely long service lives for economical work



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7	2450	260	150	0.9	1.7	1/2"-20 UNF	55	1	1-speed drill with three-jaw chuck	Chuck with key	3 608 571 001
7	2450	260	150	1.7	1.7	1/2"-20 UNF	55	1	With three jaw chack	Clamping range 1–10 mm	
7	2450	260	150	3.2	1.7	1/2"-20 UNF	55	1			
7	3700	400	230	1.7	1.7	1/2"-20 UNF	55	1			
9	1350	260	140	0.9	1.7	1/2"-20 UNF	55	1			
9	1350	260	140	1.7	1.7	1/2"-20 UNF	55	1			
9	1350 2000	260 400	140 230	3.2 1.7	1.7	1/2"-20 UNF 1/2"-20 UNF	55 55	1			
9	2000	400	230	1.7	1.7	1/2 -20 UNF	55	- 1			
10	1350	470	310	1.6	2.0	1/2"-20 UNF	57	1	1-speed drill	Chuck with key	3 608 571 001
10	1350	470	310	3.3	2.0	1/2"-20 UNF	57	1	with three-jaw chuck	Clamping range 1–10 mm	
10	1350	470	310	6.1	2.0	1/2"-20 UNF	57	1			
10	2050	600	400	3.3	2.0	1/2"-20 UNF	57	1			
10	690	470	310	1.6	2.0	1/2"-20 UNF	57	1			
10	690	470	310	3.3	2.0	1/2"-20 UNF	57	1			
10	1000	400	310	6.1	2.0	1/2"-20 UNF	57	1			
10	1030	700	460	3.3	2.0	1/2"-20 UNF	57	1			
6	3300	400	270	1.6	2.0	M 13 x 1	57	1	1-speed drill with keyless		3 608 571 004
									chuck		
10/8	1600/2400	400	270	1.6	2.0	1/2"-20 UNF	57	2	2-speed drill with three-jaw chuck	Chuck with key	3 608 571 001
10/8	1600/2400	400	270	3.3	2.0	1/2"-20 UNF	57	2	with three-jaw chuck	Clamping range 1–10 mm	
10/8	900/1500	400	270	1.6	2.0	1/2"-20 UNF	57	2			
10/8	900/1500	400	270	3.3	2.0	1/2"-20 UNF	57	2			
10/8	1500/2200	600	400	3.3	2.0	1/2"-20 UNF	57	2			
13	510	600	440	1.6	2.8	Taper B 16	65	1	1-speed drill with	Chuck	1 608 571 027
13	510	600	440	3.3	2.8	Taper B 16	65	1	speed handle.	Clamping range 1.5–13 mm	1 000 071 027
13	510	600	440	5.9	2.8	Taper B 16	65	1	Three-jaw chuck can be ordered as a special	Additional handle	1 602 025 022
13	760	900	630	3.3	2.8	Taper B 16	65	1	accessory.		
						·					
23	216/512	950	700	2.8	5.6	Morse Taper 2	77	2	2-speed drill with cross handle.	Tubular handlef (M 27 x 2)	1 600 763 010
23	216/512	950	700	5.5	5.6	Morse Taper 2	77	2	Without chuck.	Drill drift	3 601 030 002
23	216/512	950	700	10.0	5.6	Morse Taper2	77	2	Suitable for bits with. morse taper 2.		
23	328/775	1450	1050	5.5	5.6	Morse Taper 2	77	2	Three-jaw chuck can be ordered as a special		
									accessory.		
									I		

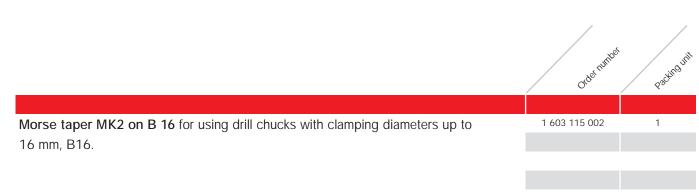
The machines come equipped with a special 4-m-long cable without plug.

Your specialist dealer can provide you with information on the complete set of quality accessories.

RECOMMENDED SPEEDS FOR HSS TWIST DRILL BITS.

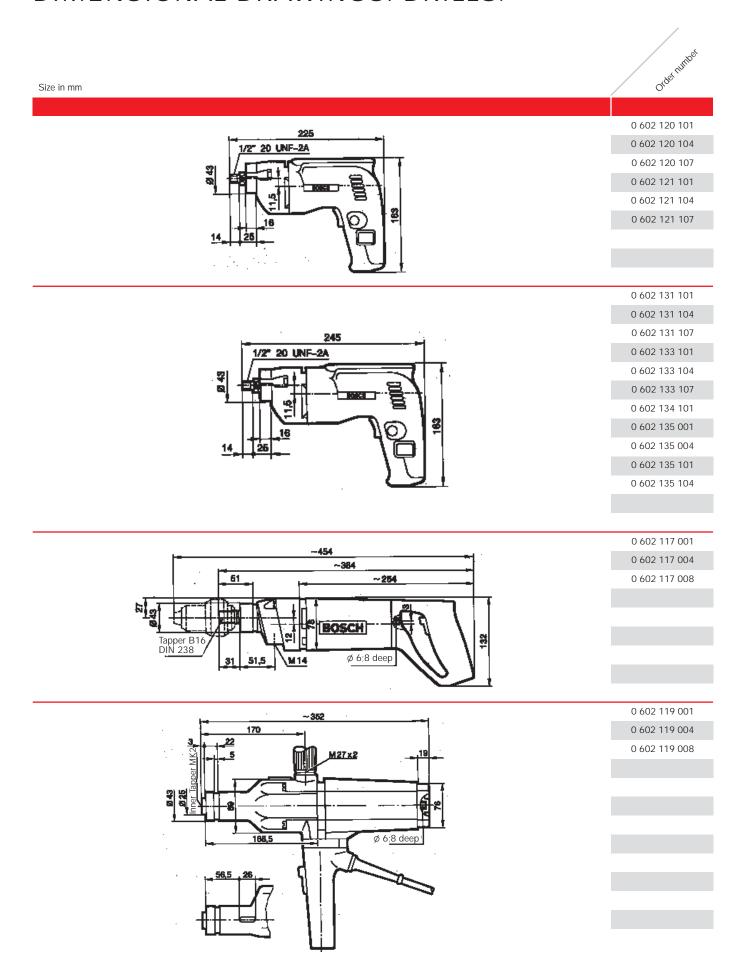
UP (tritu)	Steel JO Wh	See 600 Mi	Cast 180 Mr	Cast you w	Brassiper in	Silumin	Allerinium
Cutting							
speed (m/min):	20 to 25	15 to 20	20 to 35	10 to 20	50 to 60	30 to 40	80 to 120
4	2380	1600	2200	1200	4400	2800	8000
5	1900	1270	1800	950	3500	2200	6400
6	1600	1060	1500	800	2900	1850	5300
7	1360	910	1300	680	2500	1600	4550
8	1200	800	1100	600	2200	1400	4000
9	1060	700	1000	530	1900	1200	3540
10	950	640	890	480	1700	1100	3200
11	860	580	810	430	1600	1000	2900
12	800	530	740	400	1500	930	2660
13	730	490	680	370	1350	860	2450
14	680	450	640	340	1250	800	2270
15	630	420	600	320	1150	740	2120
16	600	400	560	300	1100	700	2000
17	560	380	520	280	1050	660	1870
18	530	350	500	260	1000	620	1770
19	500	330	470	250	950	590	1680
20	480	320	450	240	900	560	1600
23	410	280	390	210	760	480	1380
30	310	210	300	160	580	370	1060

ACCESSORIES FOR DRILLS.

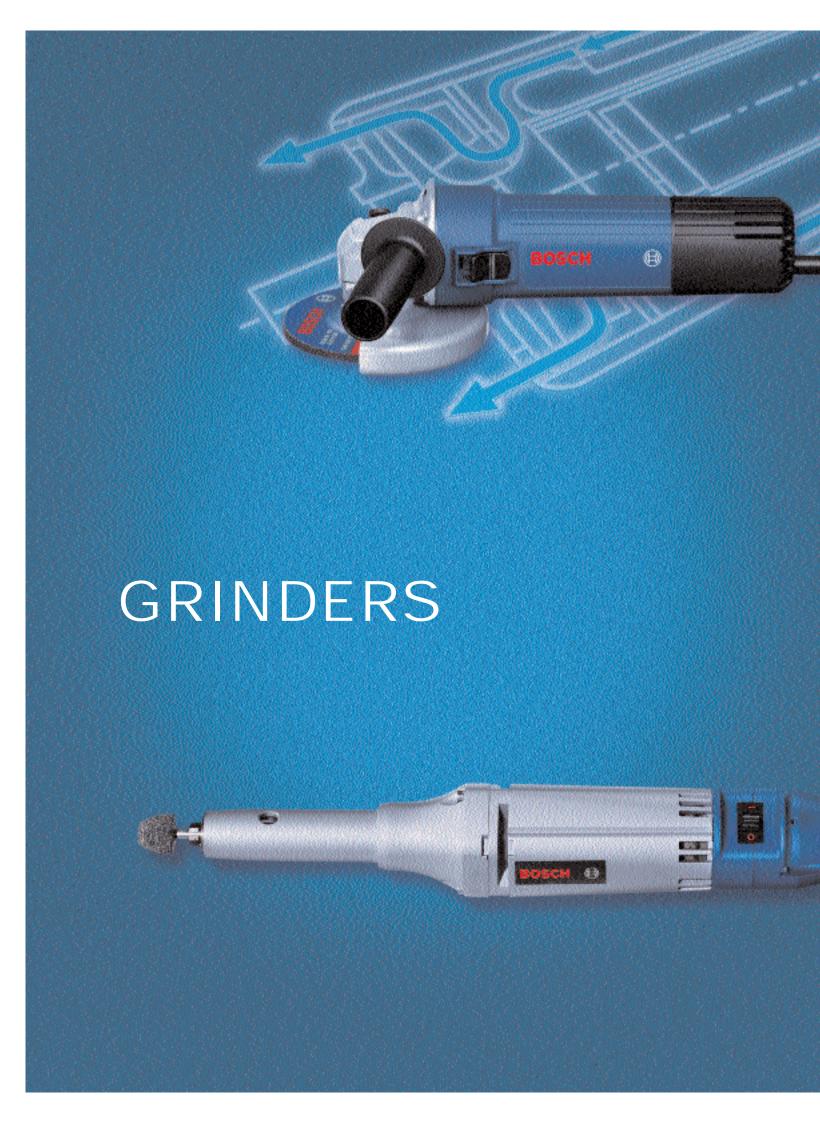


Please consult your stockist for information on the complete range of quality accessories.

DIMENSIONAL DRAWINGS: DRILLS.







SELECTION GUIDE FOR GRINDERS.

In order to select the correct grinding machine, you must take the area of application and specific circumstances into consideration. That is to say, selection of a grinding point predetermines selection of the suitable grinder. In both tables – one for straight grinders and one for angle grinders – the machines have been ordered to the grinding tasks or grinding points for which they are appropriate.
The more powerful the machine, the larger the amount of material that is removed. Because of the great variety in individual working conditions and spatial considerations, these recommendations can, however, only serve as guidelines. In any case, when selecting a grinder, you should take other product features into consideration in addition to performance.

optimally suited for this application

well suited for this application

suited for this for this application

Please observe manufacturer's information regarding grinding material.

	Juniper	695
	Order humber	lik liku
		6 6
- 10.00	0 602 225 1 / 2	50 000
1	0 602 233 2 / 3	50 000
	0 602 226 2	30 500
	0 602 227 2	29 000
Part Control	0 602 228 2 / 3	12 000
	0 602 228 2 / 3	18 000
	0 602 229 1	12 000
40 III	0 602 229 1	18 000
	0 602 238 1	12 000
	0 602 238 1	18 000
	0 602 207 0	23 400
1	0 602 208 0	18 300
	0 602 208 0	27 400
	0 602 209 1	12 000
	0 602 209 1	18 000
100	0 602 210 0	3 100
	0 602 210 0	4 700
4	0 602 211 0	12 000
	0 602 211 0	18 000
Annual An	0 602 245 0	18 000
	0 602 211 1	12 000
**	0 602 211 1	18 000
	0 602 243 1	10 700
7	0 602 212 1	9 000
V		
(6)	0 602 242 1	8 600
	0 602 242 1	6 800
	0 602 242 4	6 800
A C	0 602 213 1	6 800
~		
	0 602 240 1	5 700
V.		
	0 602 240 0	10 200
1		
0. /	0 602 239 1	4 800
100 A		

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Form grinding a		Interior p		Coarse (

SELECTION GUIDE FOR GRINDERS, DISC AND RANDOM ORBIT SANDERS.

	Ordernur	Idle Speec
A second	0 602 234 3	4800
	0 602 234 3	5 800
	0 602 234 3	7 300
-	0 602 301 2	4 100
	0 602 301 2	6 150
400	0 602 327 0	2 550
2	0 602 326 2	9 000
	0 602 305 0	1 750
	0 602 305 0	1 750
	0 602 306 0	1 650
	0 602 304 0	5 700
4	0 602 304 0	8 600
2	0 602 329 0	8 500
2	0 602 331 0	8 500
	0 602 332 0	6 600
-	0 602 331 0	6 600
2	0 602 334 1	6 600
	0 602 335 0	4 700
	0 602 335 0	5 100
Ů	0 602 373 0	3 600
2	0 602 373 0	5 400
20	0 602 370 1	6 000
	0 602 370 3	5 800
	0 602 370 3	7 300

with directing wheels with cutti	aneet nintitie neet nin	arstated minigates	nin girdir	d stoke Mill cup thi
Coarse grinding	Coarse polishing (sanding)	Polishing	Wet grinding	Brushing

- The optimised straight grinders in all power classes for the widest possible variety of applications■ The ideal structural shape for ergo-
- The ideal structural shape for ergonomic work
- Constant speed, even at extremely high loads
- Efficient work with longest possible service life
- Robust motors with long service lives and low maintenance costs
- Extremely favourable weight-performance ratio

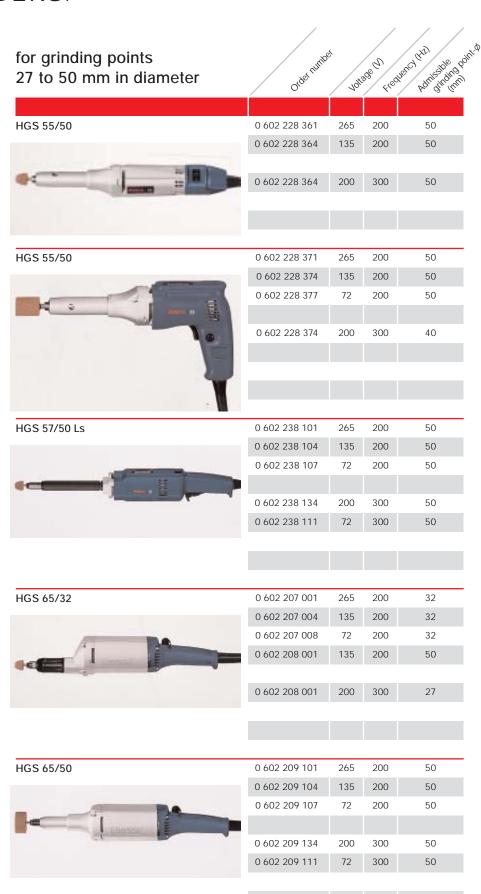
for grinding points	Oderhunde	,	20	ested letter beginning in the state of the s
8 to 50 mm in diameter	Order no	VOI.	age Ch	adnistiding.
				7 4 9 6
HGS 44/8	0 602 225 101	265	200	8
	0 602 225 104	135	200	8
31 motor 41	0 602 225 107	72	200	8
	0 602 225 204	200	300	8
	0 602 225 211	72	300	8
HGS 55/8	0 602 233 201	265	200	8
	0 602 233 204	135	200	8
	0 602 233 207	72	200	8
-				
~ 1	0 602 233 304	200	300	8
1100 55 (05	0 (00 00) 001	0/5	200	0.5
HGS 55/25	0 602 226 201	265 135	200	25 25
	0 602 226 204	72	200	25
	0 002 220 207	72	200	23
	0 602 227 204	200	300	25
	0 602 227 211	72	300	25
HGS 55/50	0 602 228 201	265	200	50
	0 602 228 204	135	200	50
	0 602 228 207	72	200	50
	0 602 228 204	200	300	50
	0 602 228 211	72	300	50
HGS 55/50	0 602 229 101	265	200	50
	0 602 229 104	135	200	50
10501 W	0 602 229 104	200	300	50

Ko led	geed Mortific	John Action	Topes April April	weight weight	wittout Toolfielding Toolfieldi	Sullet Chen	Renaties	conest complete	ACCESSED INTRODE
							D. L. II.		
50 000 50 000	80	40	0.2	0.7	3	Slide switch	Bar handle, offset output drive	Collet chuck 3 mm Open-ended spanner SW 9	2 608 570 019 1 907 950 503
50 000	80	40	0.9	0.7	3			Open-ended spanner SW 11 Auxiliary handle	1 907 950 505 3 602 025 002
								Advillary Haridie	3 002 023 002
50 000	125	65	0.5	0.7	3				
50 000	125	65	1.4	0.7	3				
50 000	260	150	0.9	1.7	3	Slide switch	Bar handle, offset output drive	Collet chuck 3 mm	2 608 570 019
50 000	260	150	1.7	1.7	3		onest carpat and	Open-ended spanner SW 9 Open-ended spanner SW 11	1 907 950 503 1 907 950 505
50 000	260	150	3.2	1.7	3			Auxiliary handle	3 602 025 002
50 000	400	230	1.7	1.7	3				
30 000	400	230	1.7	1.7	3				
30 500	260	150	0.9	1.6	6	Slide switch	Bar handle, offset output drive	Collet chuck 6 mm 2 open-ended spanner	2 608 570 079 2 607 950 511
30 500	260	150	1.7	1.6	6			SW 17	
30 500	260	150	3.2	1.6	6				
29 000	400	230	1.7	1.6	6				
29 000	400	230	4.6	1.6	6				
12 000	260	150	0.9	1.6	6	Slide switch	Bar handle, central output drive	Collet chuck 6 mm	2 608 570 079
12 000	260	150	1.7	1.6	6		central output unive	open-ended spanner SW 17	2 607 950 511
12 000	260	150	3.2	1.6	6				
18 000	400	230	1.7	1.6	6				
18 000	400	230	4.6	1.6	6				
12 000	260	150	0.9	1.3	6	Slide switch	Bar handle, central output drive,	Collet chuck 6 mm	2 600 F70 070
12 000	260	150	1.7	1.3	6		short spindle for tight spaces	With flat	2 608 570 079 2 607 950 511
18 000	400	230	1.7	1.3	6				_ 33, 730 011

The machines come equipped with a special 4-m-long cable without plug.

Your specialist dealer can provide you with information on the complete set of quality accessories.

- The optimised straight grinders in all power classes for the widest possible variety of applications
- The ideal structural shape for ergonomic work
- Constant speed, even at extremely high loads
- Efficient work with longest possible service life
- Robust motors with long service lives and low maintenance costs
- Extremely favourable weight-performance ratio

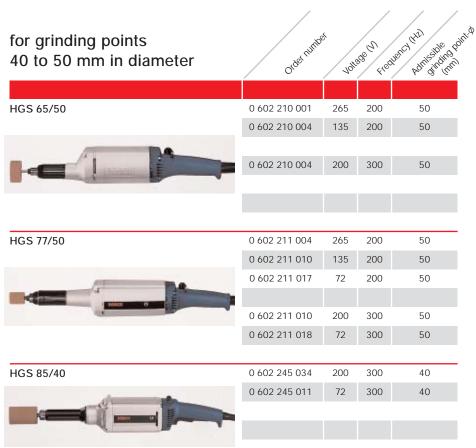


40 (qt	speed Aurilla	al Power Louis	Daget Rote	Weight	on the state of th	Sullet Come	Religite	Confectionable	ACCESSIBY MINDE
12 000	260	150	0.9	1.6	6	ON/OFF switch	Bar handle, central output drive	Collet chuck Ø 6 mm Offset screwdriver	1 608 570 025 1 607 950 001
12 000	260	150	1.7	1.6	6		with eccentric clamping	onset serewanter	1 007 700 001
18 000	400	230	1.7	1.6	6				
12 000	260	150	0.9	1.6	6	Pressure switch	Pistol handle,	Collet chuck Ø 6 mm	1 608 570 025
12 000	260	150	1.7	1.6	6	with lock	with eccentric clamping	Offset screwdriver	1 607 950 001
12 000	260	150	3.2	1.6	6				
18 000	400	230	1.7	1.6	6				
10.000	400	070	1.	0.4		D	Death and	0.11.1.1.7.7	4 (00 570 005
12 000	400	270	1.6	2.1	6	Pressure switch with lock	central output drive	Collet chuck Ø 6 mm Open-ended spanner SW 12	1 608 570 025 1 907 950 506
12 000 12 000	400	270 270	3.3 6.1	2.1	6		Spindle length up to 480 mm optional.	Open-ended spanner SW 15	1 907 950 509
12 000	400	270	0.1	2.1	0				
18 000	600	400	3.3	2.1	6				
18 000	600	400	9.2	2.1	6				
23 400	600	440	1.6	2.4	6	Toggle	Post handle,	Collet chuck Ø 6 mm	1 608 570 025
23 400	600	440	3.3	2.4	6		central output drive	Open-ended spanner SW 12 Open-ended spanner SW 15	1 907 950 506 1 907 950 509
23 400	600	440	5.9	2.4	6			Open chaca spanner 5vv 15	1 707 730 307
18 300	600	440	3.3	2.4	6				
27 400	900	630	3.3	2.4	6				
12 000	600	440	1.6	2.5	6	Toggle	Post handle,	Collet chuck Ø 6 mm	1 608 570 025
12 000	600	440	3.3	2.5	6	Toggle	central output drive	Open-ended spanner SW 12	1 907 950 506
12 000	600	440	5.9	2.5	6			Open-ended spanner SW 15	1 907 950 509
_ 300					-				
18 000	900	630	3.3	2.5	6				
18 000	900	630	8.8	2.5	6				
						-			

The machines come equipped with a special 4-m-long cable without plug.

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- Robust motors with long service lives and low maintenance costs
- Extremely favourable weight-performance ratio



40 (10°	Speed Horing	ansumption of	dan koniga	nal curent (P	nifed rodridered chet cr	Suitet Pre	Remarks	confescintiblese	kcc sat unite
3100	600	440	1.6	2.5	6	Toggle	Post handle, offsett drive for	Collet chuck Ø 6 mm	1 608 570 025
3100	600	440	3.3	2.5	6		polishing heads with low circumference velocity	Open-ended spanner SW 12 Open-ended spanner SW 15	1 907 950 506 1 907 950 509
4700	900	630	3.3	2.5	6				
12 000	950	700	2.8	4.3	8	Toggle	Post handle, central output dirve	Collet chuck Ø 8 mm	2 608 570 009
12 000	950	700	5.5	4.3	8		central output anve	Open-ended spanner SW 14 Open-ended spanner SW 22	1 607 950 511 1 607 950 505
12 000	950	700	10.0	4.3	8			open ended opanier our 22	. 007 700 000
18 000	1450	1050	5.5	4.3	8				
18 000	1450	1050	15.2	4.3	8				
18 000	1800	1500	6.4	4.7	Spindle M 14	Toggle	Post handle,	Open-ended spanner SW 27	3 607 950 004
18 000	1800	1500	17.7	4.7	Spindle M 14	Lever switch with lock	central output dirve for grinding wheels with internal thread		

- The optimised straight grinders in all power classes for the widest possible variety of applications

 ■ The ideal structural shape for ergo-
- nomic work
- Constant speed, even at extremely high loads
- Efficient work with longest possible service life
- Robust motors with long service lives and low maintenance costs
- **■** Extremely favourable weight-performance ratio

for grinding wheels	Order Rustic	\$	888 (1/66	percyletil Remissible of
50 to 80 mm in diameter	Order	Volt	ALG.	Admissinding
HGS 77/75	0 602 211 101	265	200	75 mm Ø
	0 602 211 107	135	200	45 m/s
1	0 602 211 116	72	200	circumference
				velocity
	0.400.044.404	000	200	F0 4
	0 602 211 134	200	300	50 mm Ø
				45 m/s
				circumference
				velocity
HGS 85/80	0 602 243 134	200	300	80 mm Ø
-				45 m/s
				circumference
				velocity
HGS 77/100	0 602 212 101	265	200	100 mm Ø
	0 602 212 104	135	200	45 m/s
	0 602 212 107	72	200	circumference
				velocity
4.				
HGS 85/100	0 602 242 101	265	200	100 mm Ø
	0 602 242 104	265	200	45 m/s
	0 602 242 107	72	200	circumference
				velocity
	0 602 242 134	200	300	100 mm Ø
				45 m/s
				circumference
				velocity
	0 602 242 436	200	300	125 mm Ø
				45 m/s
				circumference
				velocity

ko liki	Speed Norther	il Romes northe	Dengal Roll	Weight Weight	ailidit See Tooligate Collect	Sulled Report	Religits	confe [£] complete	Accessed hunder
						•			
12 000	950	700	2.8	4.7	Mounting flanges M 14 for grinding wheels	Toggle	The machine must not be operated	Open-ended spanner SW 32 Pin sparrer	3 607 950 005 3 607 950 006
12 000	950	700	5.5	4.7	with bore-Ø 20 mm		without a protective guard.	Protective guard	3 605 510 025
12 000	950	700	10.0	4.7				Mounting flange Collet flange	3 605 703 028 3 605 703 074
18 000	1450	1050	5.5	4.7	Mounting flanges M 14 for grinding wheels with bore-Ø 20 mm	Lever with lock	The machine must not be operated without a protective guard.	Open-ended spannerSW 32 Pin sparrer Protective guard Mounting flange Collet flange	3 607 950 005 3 607 950 006 3 605 510 025 3 605 703 028 3 605 703 074
10 700	1800	1500	6.4	5.4	Mounting flanges M 14 for grinding wheels with bore-ø 20 mm	Lever with lock	The machine must not be operated without a protective guard.	Open-ended spanner SW 32 Pin sparrer Protective guard Mounting flange Collet flange	3 607 950 005 3 607 950 006 3 605 510 025 3 605 703 028 3 605 703 074
9000	950 950	700 700	2.8 5.5	5.1 5.1	Mounting flanges M 14 for grinding wheels with bore-ø 20 mm	Toggle	The machine must not be operated without a protective	Open-ended spanner SW 32 Pin sparrer Protective guard	3 607 950 005 3 607 950 006 3 605 510 019
9000	950	700	10.1	5.1			guard.	Mounting flange Collet flange	3 605 703 028 3 605 703 074
8600	1200	1000	3.3	5.5	Mounting flanges M 14 for grinding wheels	Lever with lock	The machine must not be operated	Open-ended spanner SW 32 Pin sparrer	3 607 950 005 3 607 950 006
8600	1200	1000	3.3	5.5	with bore-Ø 20 mm		without a protective guard.	Protective guard	3 605 510 019
8600	1200	1000	11.8	5.5			gaa.a.	Mounting flange Collet flange	3 605 703 028 3 605 703 074
8600	1800	1500	6.4	5.5	Mounting flanges M 14 for grinding wheels with bore-Ø 20 mm	Lever with lock	The machine must not be operated without a protective guard.	Open-ended spanner SW 32 Pin sparrer Protective guard Mounting flange Collet flange	3 607 950 005 3 607 950 006 3 605 510 019 3 605 703 028 3 605 703 074
6800	1800	1500	6.4	5.5	Mounting flanges M 14 for grinding wheels with bore-Ø 20 mm	Toggle	The machine must not be operated without a protective guard.	Open-ended spanner SW 32 Pin sparrer	3 607 950 010 1 607 950 061

The machines come equipped with a special 4-m-long cable without plug. Your specialist dealer can provide you with information on the complete set of quality accessories.

- The optimised straight grinders in all power classes for the widest possible variety of applications
- The ideal structural shape for ergonomic work
- Constant speed, even at extremely high loads
- Efficient work with longest possible service life
- Robust motors with long service lives and low maintenance costs

26

■ Extremely favourable weight-performance ratio



KN (15	sped	John Horio	d day	Weigh	without Conflicting of the Color Chil	Suffer Suffer	Religité	Constitutes	Received Humber
6800	1450	1050	5.5	5.2	Mounting flanges M 14 for grinding wheels with bore-Ø 20 mm	Toggle	The machine must not be operated without a protective guard.	Open-ended spanner SW 32 Pin spanner Protective guard Mounting flange Collet flange	3 607 950 010 1 607 950 061 3 605 510 014 3 605 703 068 3 605 703 077
5700 5700	1950 1950	1500	10.0	7.7	Mounting flanges M 14 for grinding wheels with bore-Ø 20 mm	Lever with lock	The machine must not be operated without a protective guard.	Open-ended spanner SW 32 Pin spanner Protective guard Mounting flange Collet flange	3 607 950 010 1 607 950 061 3 605 510 018 3 605 703 068 3 605 703 077
								Collet harige	3 003 703 077
5700	2900	2200	10.0	7.7	Mounting flanges M 14 for grinding wheels with bore-Ø 20 mm	Lever with lock	The machine must not be operated without a protective guard.	Open-ended spanner SW 32 Pin spanner Protective guard Mounting flange Collet flange	3 607 950 010 1 607 950 061 3 605 510 018 3 605 703 068 3 605 703 077
10 200	2900	2200	10.0	7.7	Mounting flanges M 14 for grinding wheels with bore-Ø 20 mm	Lever with lock	The machine must not be operated without a protective guard.	Open-ended spanner SW 32 Pin spanner	3 607 950 010 1 607 950 061
10 200	2900	2200	10.0	7.7		Lever without lock		Protective guard Mounting flange Collet flange	3 605 510 031 3 605 703 068 3 605 703 077
4800	1950	1500	10.0	7.9	Mounting flanges M 14	Lever with lock	The machine must not	Open-ended spanner SW 32	3 607 950 010
4800	1950	1500	18.0	7.9	for grinding wheels with bore-Ø 20 mm	Level Will look	be operated without a protective guard.	Pin spanner Protective guard	1 607 950 061 3 605 510 035
								Mounting flange Collet flange	3 605 703 068 3 605 703 077
4800	2900	2200	10.0	7.9	Mounting flanges M 14 for grinding wheels with bore-Ø 20 mm	Lever with lock	The machine must not be operated without a protective guard.	Open-ended spanner SW 32 Pin spanner Protective guard	3 607 950 010 1 607 950 061 3 605 510 035
								Mounting flange Collet flange	3 605 703 068 3 605 703 077

27

The machines come equipped with a special 4-m-long cable without plug.

Your specialist dealer can provide you with information on the complete set of quality accessories.

ANGLE GRINDERS.



- The correct grinder/sander for every application
 Extremely robust and maintenance-friendly motors
 Constant speeds throughout the
- whole power range for top economy and longest possible service lives
 Robust angular gear with high operational performance

for grinding wheels 100 to 180 mm in diameter	Orker numbr	şt Vd ^H	age tred	Refultive direction of the direction of
HWS 5265/125	0 602 324 301	265	200	125
11110 0200, 120	0 602 324 304	135	200	125
	0 602 324 307	72	200	125
HWS 5265/125	0 602 324 341	265	200	125
	0 602 324 344	135	200	125
	0 602 324 347	72	200	125
	0 602 324 324	200	300	125
	0 602 324 331	72	300	125
HWS 65/125	0 602 301 201	265	200	125
	0 602 301 204	135	200	125
	0 602 301 207	72	200	125
POSCH				
	0 602 301 204	200	300	125
	0 602 327 001	265	200	100
HWS 65/125	0 602 326 104	200	300	125
Today.				
HWS 77/100 for wet grinding	0 602 305 010	42	200	125
HWS 77/175	0 602 305 001	265	200	175
	0 602 305 004	135	200	175
	0 602 305 008	72	200	175
	0 602 306 034	200	300	175
HWS 77/180	0 602 304 001	265	200	180
	0 602 304 004	135	200	180
	0 602 304 009	72	200	180
0				
	0 602 304 034	200	300	180
	0 602 304 010	72	300	180

100 CO	al Notice	Johnst North	inonen Iponen	ma cutent (Latifott Latifott Latifott Colfination that the Suitable	Renalts	Conest condition	RCC Soft Hunde
4800	520	360	1.6	2.0	Mounting flanges M 14 Slide-	For fibre-sanding discs	Pin-type wrench	1 607 950 052
4800	520	360	3.2	2.0	for grinding wheels switch with bore-\$\phi\$	with spindle locking. SDS-clic available as	Auxiliary handle	1 602 025 031
4800	520	360	6.1	2.0	22,3 mm	special accessory	Pin-type wrench Mounting flange	1 603 345 043 2 605 703 014
							wounting name	2 003 703 014
5800	520	360	1.6	2.2	Mounting flanges M 14 Slide-	For light grinding work	Protective guard Ø 125 mm	1 605 510 155
5800	520	360	3.2	2.2	for grinding wheels switch with bore-Ø		Pin-type wrench	1 607 950 052
5800	520	360	6.1	2.2	22,3 mm		Auxiliary handle Pin-type wrench	1 602 025 031 1 603 345 043
							Mounting flange	2 605 703 014
7300	800	550	3.2	2.2		For fan-type discs		
7300	800	550	8.7	2.2				
4100	600	440	1.6	3.0	Mounting flanges M 14 Toggle	For fibre-sanding	Open-ended spanner SW 17	2 607 950 511
4100	600	440	3.3	3.0	for grinding wheels with bore-ø		Auxiliary handle	1 602 025 022
4100	600	440	5.9	3.0	22,3 mm		Pin-type wrench	1 607 950 052
6150	900	630	3.3	3.0				
2550	600	410	1.6	3.0				
9000	900	630	3.3	3.2	Mounting flanges M 14 Toggle for grinding wheels with bore-Ø 22,3 mm	For light grinding work	Protective guard Ø 125 mm Pin-type wrench Open-ended spanner SW 17 Auxiliary handle Pin-type wrench	1 605 510 155 1 607 950 052 2 607 950 511 1 602 025 022 1 603 345 043
1750	950	700	17.5	4.5	Mounting flanges M 14 Toggle for grinding wheels with bore-ø 22,3 mm	For wet grinding	Open-ended spanner SW 17 Auxiliary handle Pin-type wrench Mounting flange Pin-type wrench	2 607 950 511 1 602 025 022 1 607 950 061 2 605 703 014 1 603 345 043
1750	950	700	2.8	4.4	Mounting flanges M 14 Toggle	For polishing work	Open-ended spanner SW 17	2 607 950 511
1750	950	700	5.5	4.4	for grinding wheels with bore-Ø 22,3 mm		Auxiliary handle	1 602 025 022
1750	950	700	10.0	4.4	22,3 IIIII			
1650	1450	1050	5.5	4.4				
	-	-						
5700	950	700	2.8	4.6	Mounting flanges M 14 Toggle	For medium-heavy	Protective guard Ø 180 mm	1 605 510 176
5700	950	700	5.5	4.6	for grinding wheels with bore-ø	grinding work	Mounting flange Pin-type wrench	2 605 703 014 1 603 345 043
5700	950	700	10.0	4.6	22,3 mm		Pin-type wrench	1 603 343 043
							Pin-type wrench Open-ended spanner SW 17 Auxiliary handle	2 607 950 511
8600	1450	1050	5.5	4.6	-			1 602 025 022
8600	1450	1050	15.2	4.6				

The machines come equipped with a special 4-m-long cable without plug.

Your specialist dealer can provide you with information on the complete set of quality accessories.

ANGLE GRINDERS.

- The correct grinder/sander for every application
- Extremely robust and maintenancefriendly motors
- Constant speeds throughout the whole power range for top economy and longest possible service lives
- Robust angular gear with high operational performance



40 (lg	Speed North	n sundion (s	Tibil hou	nal curent of	A Topholico	sull sull sull sull sull sull sull sull	Renate	Conescondiele	Accessed Interes
8500	1200	1000	3.3	5.6	Mounting flanges M 14	Lever with lock	For medium-heavy	Protective guard Ø 180 mm	1 605 510 176
8500	1200	1000	6.4	5.6	for grinding wheels with bore-ø		grinding work. SDS-clic available as special	Mounting flange	2 605 703 014
8500	1200	1000	11.8	5.6	2,3 mm		accessory.	Round nut Pin-type wrench	1 603 345 043 1 607 950 061
								Open-ended spanner SW 17	2 607 950 511
8500	1800	1500	6.4	5.6				Auxiliary handle	1 602 025 022
8500	1800	1500	17.7	5.6					
8500	1800	1500	6.4	5.6		Toggle			
8500	1950	1500	5.0	6.5	Mounting flanges M 14 for grinding wheels	Lever with lock	For medium-heavy grinding work. SDS-clic	Protective guard Ø 180 mm	1 605 510 176
8500	1950	1500	10.0	6.5	with bore-Ø		available as special	Mounting flange Round nut	2 605 703 014 1 603 345 043
8500	1950	1500	18.0	6.5	2,3 mm		accessory.	Pin-type wrench	1 607 950 061
								Open-ended spanner SW 17 Auxiliary handle	2 607 950 511 1 602 025 022
8500	1950	1500	5.0	6.5		Toggle		Advindry Harraic	1 002 023 022
8500	2900	2200	10.0	6.5		Lever with lock			
8500	2900	2200	10.0	6.5		Toggle			
4400	1050	1500	F 0	70	Mounting flavors had a	Lover with Levi	For modium been	Drotootius quest d 100 s	1 (OF E10 172
6600	1950 2900	1500 2200	5.0	7.0 7.0	Mounting flanges M 14 for grinding wheels	Lever with lock	grinding work. SDS-clic	Protective guard Ø 180 mm Mounting flange	1 605 510 173 2 605 703 014
			10.0	7.0	with bore-Ø 2,3 mm		available as special accessory.	Round nut	1 603 345 043
6600	2900	2200	10.0	7.0				Pin-type wrench Open-ended spanner SW 17	1 607 950 061 2 607 950 511
6600	1950	1500	5.0	7.0		Toggle		Auxiliary handle	1 602 025 022
6600	2900	2200	10.0	7.0		. 299.0			
2000	00		. 5.0						
6600	1950	1500	10.0	7.0		Lever with lock			
					-				

The machines come equipped with a special 4-m-long cable without plug.

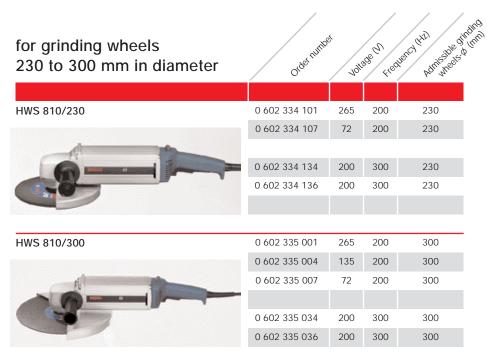
Your specialist dealer can provide you with information on the complete set of quality accessories.

ANGLE GRINDERS

- The correct grinder/sander for
- every application

 Extremely robust and maintenancefriendly motors
- Constant speeds throughout the whole power range for top economy and longest possible service lives

 ■ Robust angular gear with high
- operational performance

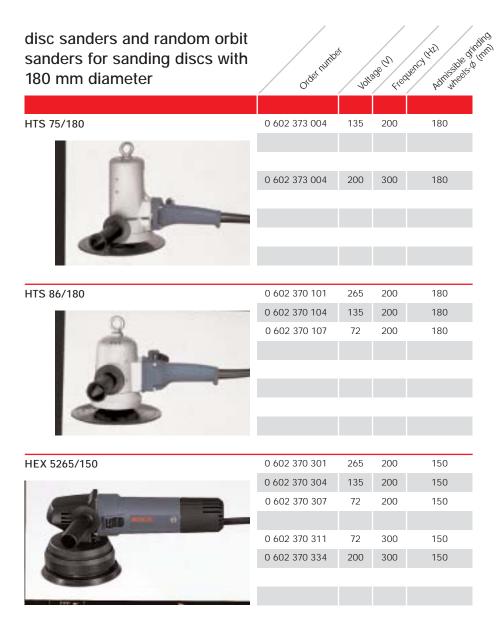


	40 (pt	speed Round	Louis Round	Denot Romi	Neight Neight	without colfination and the colfination of the colf	Suit He	Retate	contestandete contestandete	Accessor in made
,	6600	2500	2000	6.7	8.5	Mounting flanges M 14	Lever with lock	For heavy grinding work.	Protective guard Ø 230 mm	1 605 510 173
	6600	2500	2000	24.7	8.5	for grinding wheels with bore-Ø		SDS-click available as special accessory.	Mounting flange Round nut	2 605 703 014
						22,3 mm			Pin-type wrench	1 603 345 043 1 607 950 061
	6600	3800	3100	13.2	8.5		Lever with lock		Open-ended spanner SW 17	2 607 950 511
	6600	3800	3100	13.2	8.5		Toggle		Auxiliary handle	1 602 025 022
	4700	2500	2000	6.7	10.0	Mounting flanges M 14	Lever with lock	For cutting work.	Protective guardø 300 mm	1 605 510 212
	4700	2500	2000	13.2	10.0	for grinding wheels with bore-ø			Mounting flange Round nut	2 605 703 011 1 603 345 043
	4700	2500	2000	24.7	10.0	22,3 mm			Mounting flange	2 605 703 022
									Internal hexagon key	1 907 950 007
	5100	3800	3100	13.2	10.0		Lever with lock		Pin-type wrench Open-ended spanner SW 17	1 607 950 061 2 607 950 511
	5100	3800	3100	13.2	10.0		Toggle		Auxiliary handle	1 602 025 022

The machines come equipped with a special 4-m-long cable without plug. Your specialist dealer can provide you with information on the complete set of quality accessories.

DISC SANDERS AND RANDOM ORBIT SANDERS.

- The correct sander for all surfaces
- Best sanding results, even on large surfaces
- Robust motors with an extremely long service life
- Small random orbit sander with very high performance



_	No liby	Speed North	Aprilia Pourisi	Dated Aloni	al curent of	See Collegene die c	Suite Chron	Renate	Cother Cothalite	Accessed funded
	3600	850	580	2.2	3.7	Threaded mounting M 14	Toggle	For fibre-sanding discs	Open-ended spanner SW 17 Auxiliary handle Ringscrew	2 607 950 511 1 602 025 022 2 912 521 237 2 916 680 011
	5400	1300	900	4.5	3.7	 			Spring Gloves	2 601 329 036
	6000	1000	800	3.4	4.7	Threaded mounting M 14	Toggle	For fibre-sanding discs	Open-ended spanner SW 24 Open-ended spanner SW 19	1 907 950 513 1 907 950 511
	6000	1000	800	6.0	4.7				Auxiliary handle	1 602 025 022
	6000	1000	800	12.8	4.7				Gloves	2 601 329 036
-	5800	520	360	1.6	2.7		Fastener	Slide switch	Auxiliary Handle	2 602 025 067
	5800	520	360	3.2	2.7				Dust bag	2 605 411 046
	5800	520	360	6.1	2.7				Screw-on connector Allen key	2 605 702 009 1 907 950 007
									,	
	7300	800	550	6.1	2.7	_				
	7300	800	550	3.2	2.7					

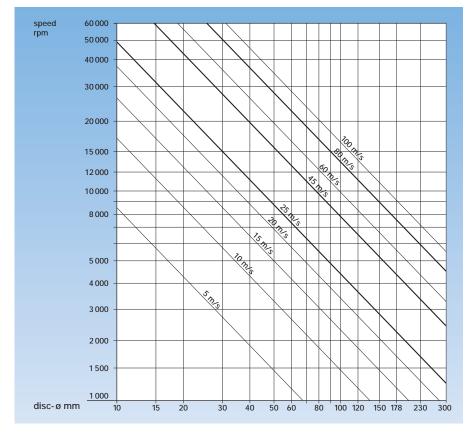
The machines come equipped with a special 4-m-long cable without plug.

Your specialist dealer can provide you with information on the complete set of quality accessories.

SELECTION GUIDE FOR GRINDERS.

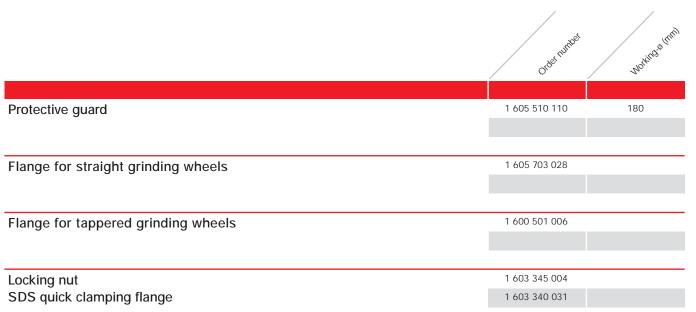
Admissible working speed

Observe the following with grinding stones: Permissible speeds (rpm) depend on abrasive wheel diameter and length, as well as shank diameter and clamping length as per DIN 69170.

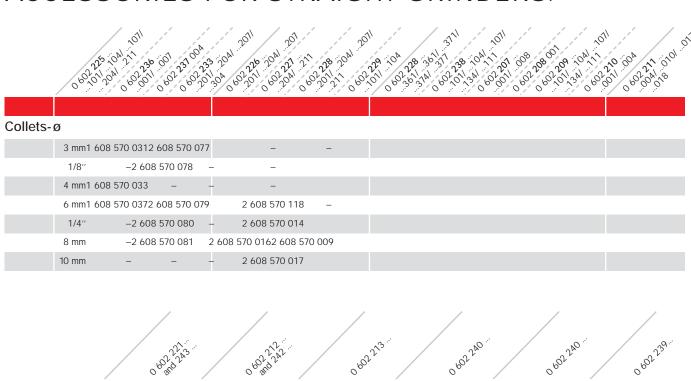


The table shows the relationship between the permissible diameter of the grinding wheel and the speed.

ACCESSORIES FOR ANGLE GRINDERS.



ACCESSORIES FOR STRAIGHT GRINDERS.



	0 kg/27.7.	Okard Jr.	0802733	0802200.	0602240	0802239.
Accessories fo	r conical grinding	g wheels				
	45 and 80 m/s up to 80 mm ø	45 and 80 m/s up to 100 mm ø	45 m/s up to 125 mm ø	45 m/s up to 150 mm ø	80 m/s up to 150 mm ø	45 m/s up to 180 mm ø
Wheel guards	3 605 510 025	3 605 510 030	3 605 510 031	3 605 510 018	3 605 510 017	3 605 510 016
Mounting flange	3 605 703 028	3 605 703 028	3 605 703 068	3 605 703 068	3 605 703 068	3 605 703 068
Collet flange	3 605 703 074	3 605 703 074	3 605 703 077	3 605 703 077	3 605 703 070	3 605 703 077
admissible grinding point width (mm)	20/25	20/25	20/25	20/25	20/25	20

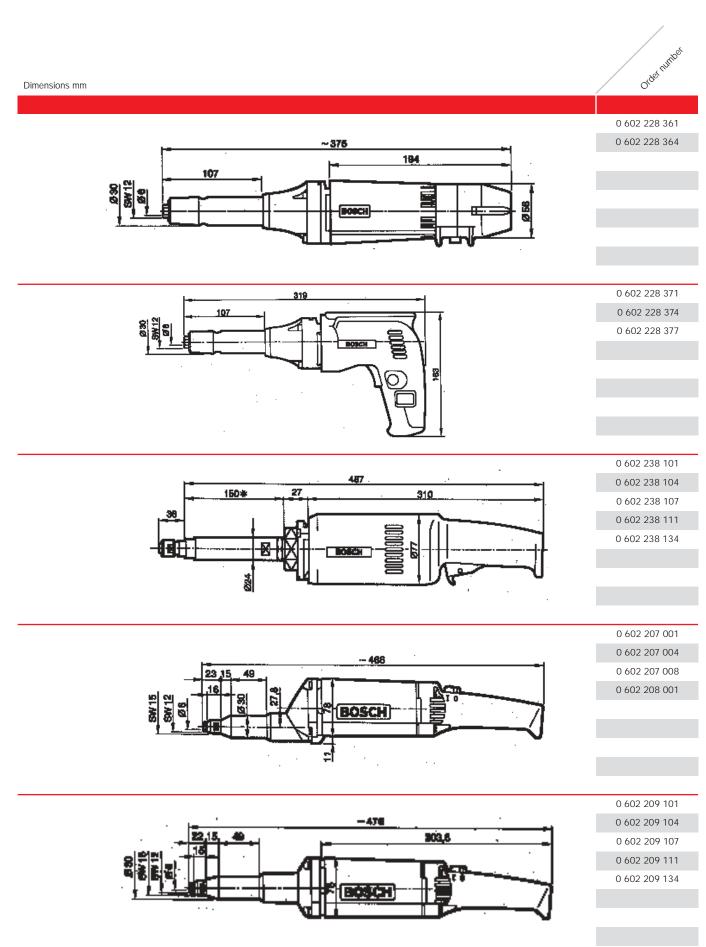
Order number	Product Maria.	ledining.
3 606 120 031	238 101 – 234	150
3 606 120 032	238 101 – 234	300
3 602 025 008	225	46
	3 606 120 031 3 606 120 032	3 606 120 031 238 101 – 234 3 606 120 032 238 101 – 234

DIMENSIONAL DRAWINGS: STRAIGHT GRINDERS.

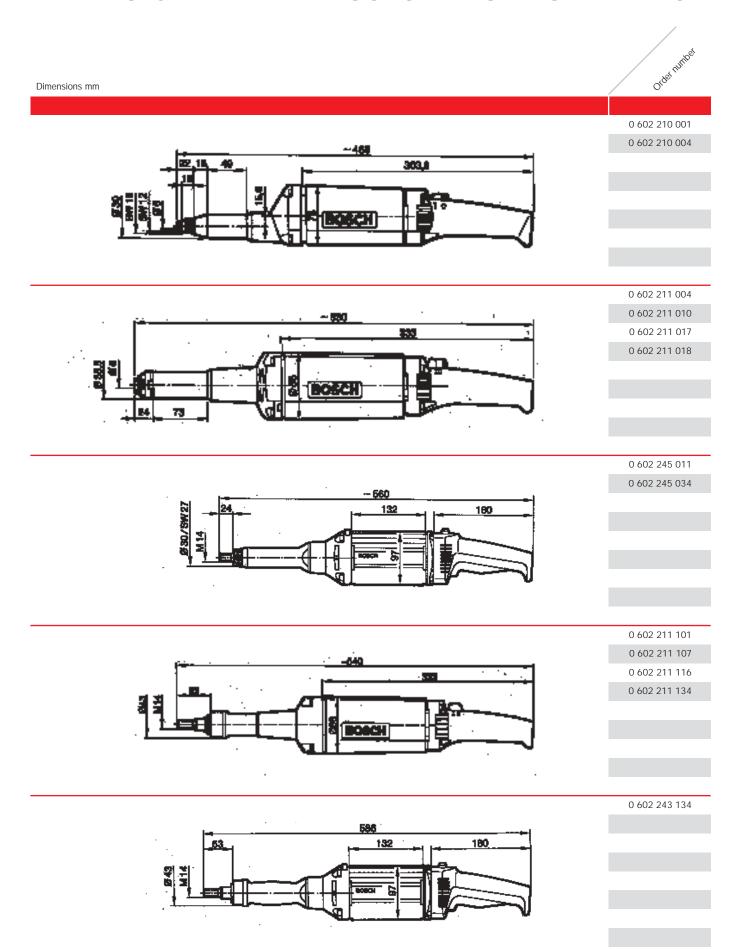
Dimensions mm 0 602 225 101 0 602 225 104 0 602 225 107 0 602 225 204 0 602 225 211 0 602 233 201 0 602 233 204 194 0 602 233 207 0 602 233 304 0 602 226 201 0 602 226 204 0 602 226 207 0 602 227 204 0 602 227 211 0 602 228 201 0 602 228 204 0 602 228 207 0 602 228 211 0 602 229 101 0 602 229 104

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DIMENSIONAL DRAWINGS: STRAIGHT GRINDERS.

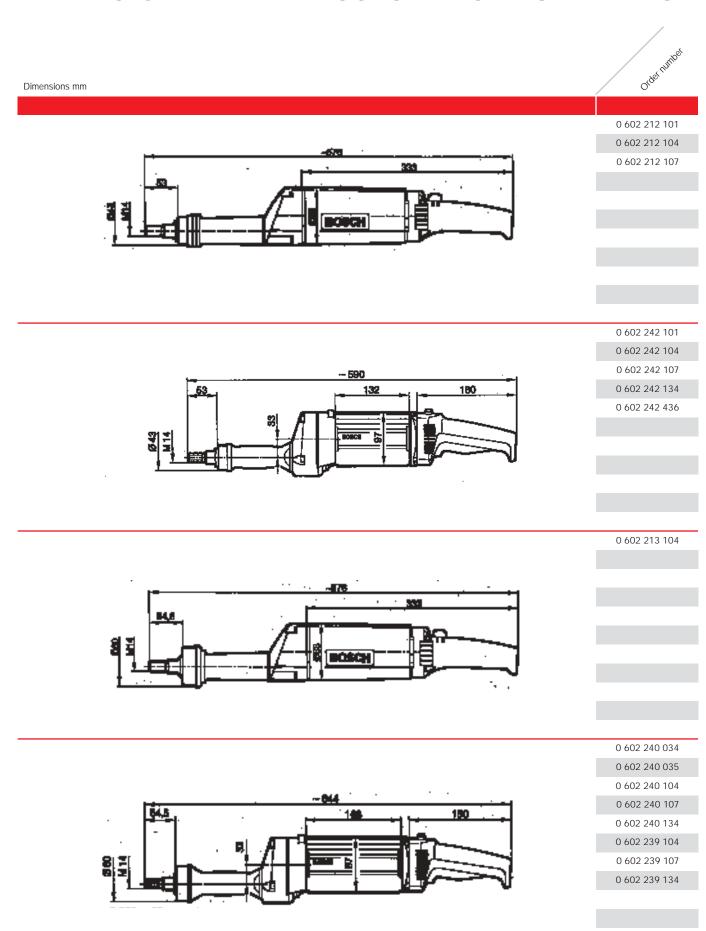


DIMENSIONAL DRAWINGS: STRAIGHT GRINDERS.

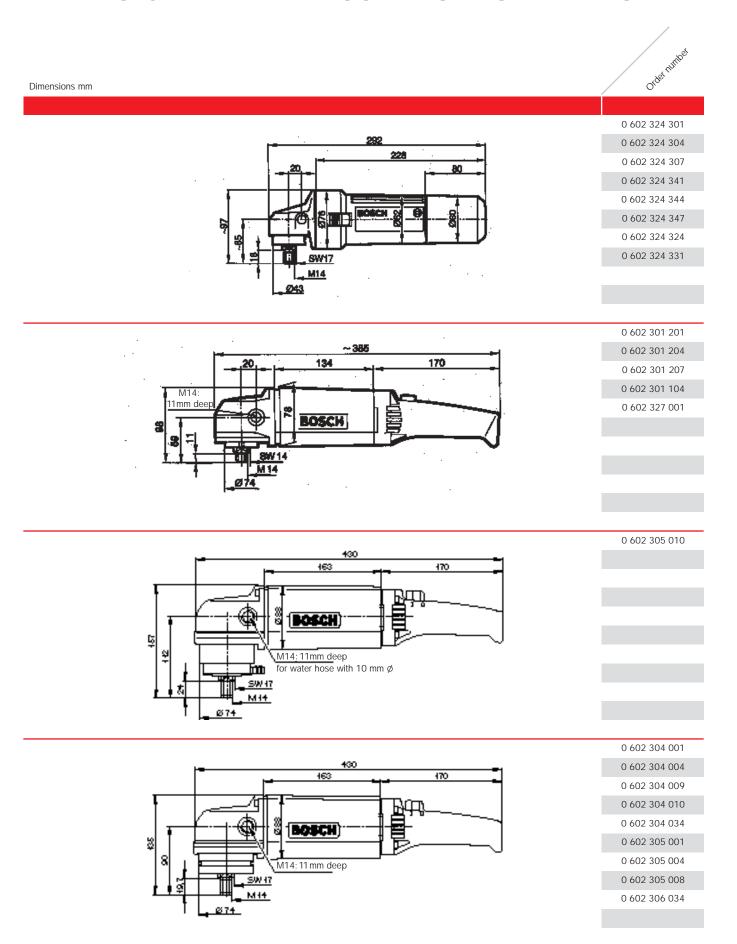


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DIMENSIONAL DRAWINGS: STRAIGHT GRINDERS.

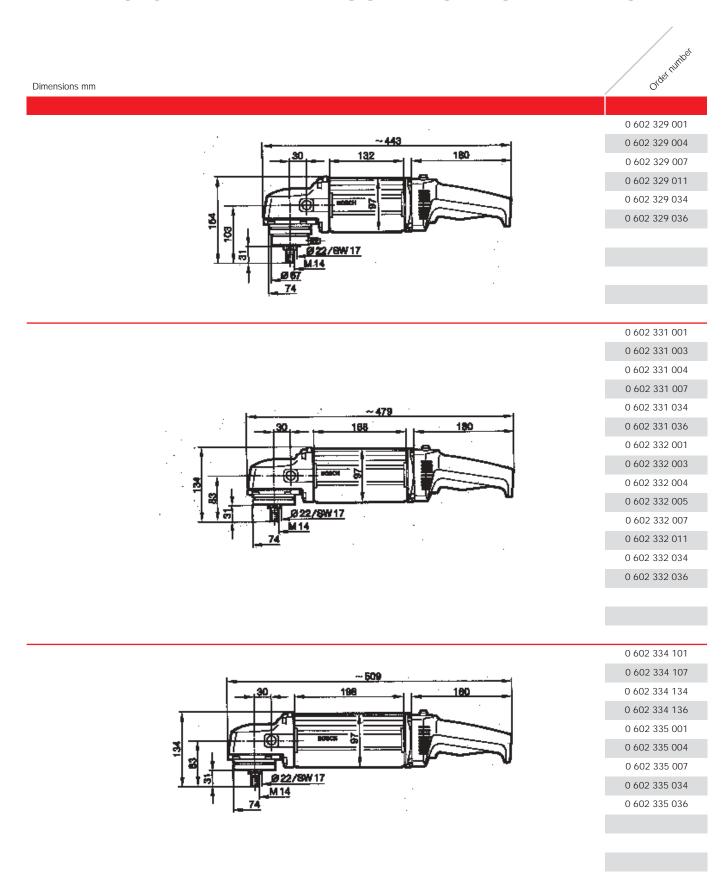


DIMENSIONAL DRAWINGS: ANGLE GRINDERS.



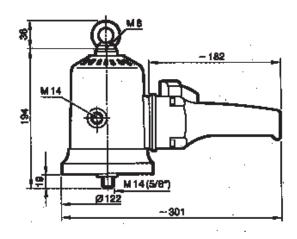
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DIMENSIONAL DRAWINGS: ANGLE GRINDERS.

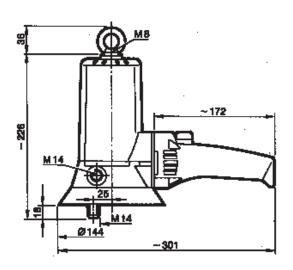


DIMENSIONAL DRAWINGS: DISC SANDERS AND RANDOM ORBIT SANDERS.

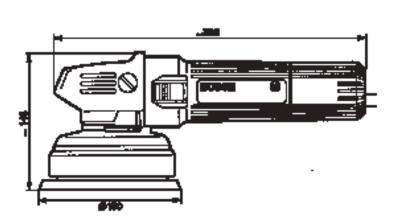
Dimensions mm

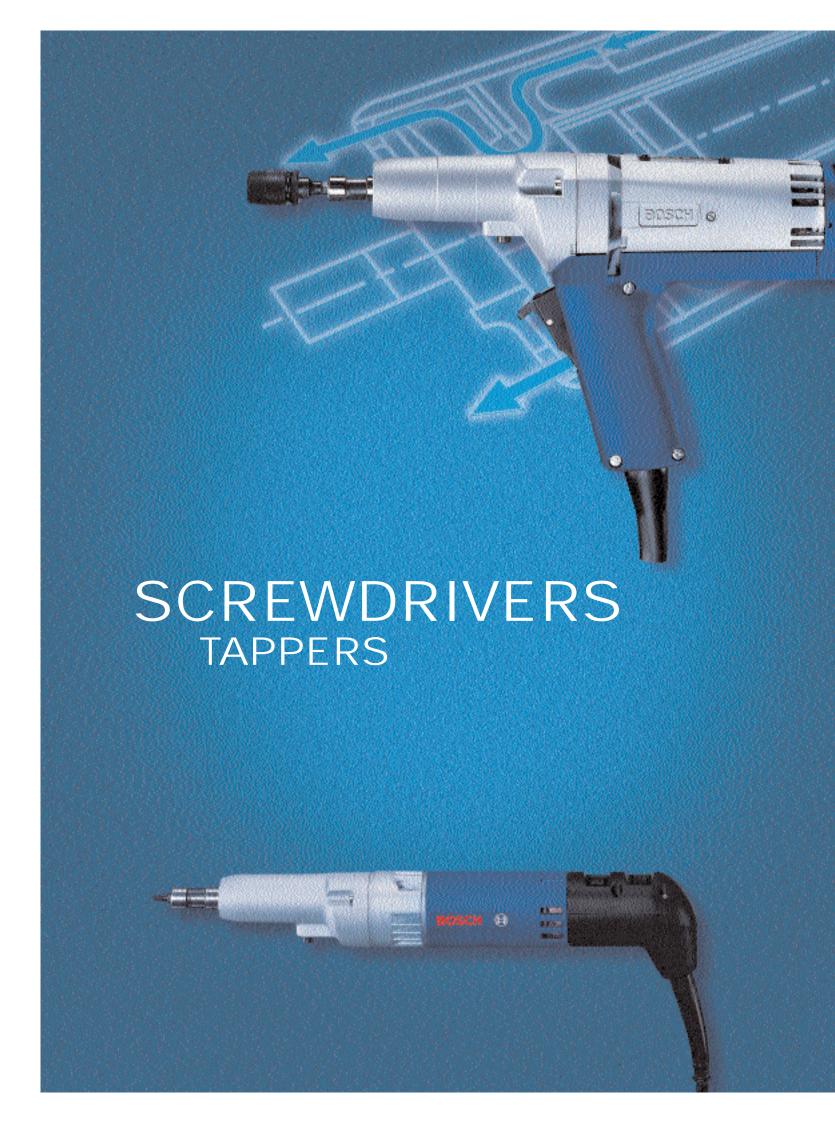


0 602 370 101 0 602 370 104 0 602 370 107



0 602 373 004





SELECTION GUIDE FOR SCREWDRIVERS.

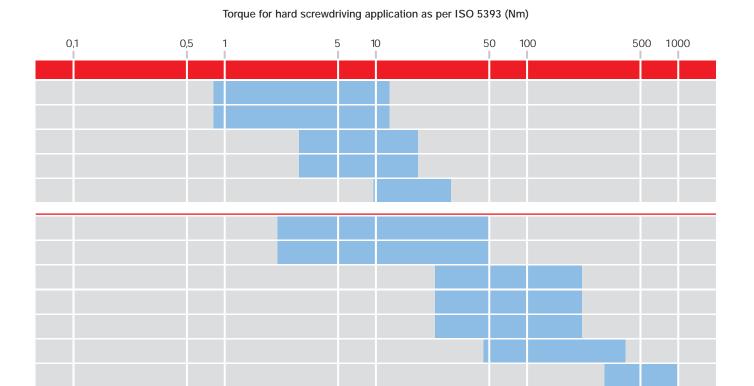
Torque is a decisive parameter for controlling the pretension force applied. The table provides an overview of the recommended torques for common bolt and nut sizes. The recommended maximum torques apply to untreated, oil-lubricated screws (coefficient of friction = 0.125). The torques correspond to approx. 62% of the yield point.

	Order hun.
Screwdrivers with adjustable cut-off clutch	0 602 485 1
 For screw connections with high torque accuracy Torque upper range limited by reaction torques 	0 602 488 1
• Further advantages: low noise, low wear, long service life,	0 602 486 2
the user has no influence on the torque	0 602 489 0
	0 602 487 0
Immod Westalas	
Impact Wrenches • For large corey / holt diameters with high targue	0 602 442 0
 For large screw / bolt diameters with high torque Virtually free of reaction torque, therefore no upward limitation 	0 602 443 0
	0 602 440 0
	0 602 433 1
	0 602 438 0
	0 602 435 0
	0 602 439 0

Torque accuracy depending on screwdriver system and screwdriving type

The torque that can be achieved for a screw connection depends on the type of screwdriving / bolting situation. To achieve a balanced basis for assessment, all data on screwdrivers is based on unbending, or "hard" screw connections (30° angle of rotation). In the case of flexible or "soft" screw connections, achievable values are, in part, considerably below the nominal values. Furthermore, torque variance increases. Due to the wide variety of possibilities, specifications with absolute values are not possible. If in doubt, use a trial and error system. The table offers an overview of the advantages and achievable torque accuracy of the individual screwdriver systems with various characteristic screwdriving applications.

Bolting event	Angle of rotation to M _d max.	Torque accuracy with automatic shut-off	Torque accuracy with overload disengaging clutch	Torque accuracy with percussion mechanism
Potation Rotation	up to approx.	very good	good to very good	satisfactory – depending upon the degree of accuracy required
Lordin Rotation	up to approx.	good to very good	good to satisfactory	somewhat unsatisfactory
Portation	over 60°	good – provided cut-out function is still operative	satisfactory	satisfactory –pro- vided only a low level of accuracy is required
Lording		good – provided cut-out function is still operative	satisfactory	satisfactory
Rotation	angle of rotation not definable	good – provided cut-out function is still operative	good	satisfactory
Rotation		good – provided cut-out function is still operative	good – provided that the function is still operative	good



Tightening torque

Guideline values for maximum bolt/screw tightening torques in Nm. Assumed friction below head $m_{ges.}=0.12$, calculated from the stressed cross sections: yield point usage 90%. Valid for shaft screws with standard metric thread as per DIN 13, BL 13; heads as per DIN 931, 933.

When you select a screwdriver, you must consider not only the required torque - as a function of the pretensioning force required from the bolted connection - but also the torque accuracy as a function of the bolting event. This information has been compiled in tables 1 and 2 in order to facilitate the selection from among the various bolting systems. The fixed torque values provided apply to "hard" bolted connections. The maximum values are lower for "soft" bolted connections (e.g. spring washers, rubber washers, etc.)

Hardness class per DIN 267	8.8	10.9
M 2.5	0.7	1.0
M 3	1.2	1.7
M 4	2.9	4
M 5	5.5	8
M 6	9.7	13.6
M 8	23	33
M 10	47	65
M 12	80	113
M 14	130	180
M 16	196	275
M 18	270	380
M 20	385	540
M 22	510	715
M 24	650	910
M 27	960	1345
M 30	1300	1830

CUT-OUT SCREWDRIVERS.



Totale and the second	trad digitar areso 53 areso 53 areso 53	ged Noring	Logorio	John Hori	Neight of Neight	without Tollighted they	gor Remarks	confiscondiete	kccssed by
0.8–2.5	840	80	40	0.2	0.8	1/4" Hex.	Handle grip	Gib-head key	1 607 950 037
0.8–2.5	840	80	40	0.5	0.8	1/4" Hex.	with ON/OFF and reverse switch	for torque adjustment	
								Side Switch	
0.9-3.0	1260	125	65	2.4	0.8	1/4" Hex.			
3–6	840	170	85	0.5	1.1	1/4" Hex.	Handle grip with ON/OFF and	Gib-head key	1 607 950 037
3–6	840	170	85	1.0	1.0	1/4" Hex.	reverse switch	for torque adjustment	
3–6	840	170	85	1.8	1.0	1/4" Hex.			
3.2-6.5	1260	265	135	1.0	1.0	1/4" Hex.			
3.2-6.5	1260	265	135	5.0	1.0	1/4" Hex.			
3.5–12	590	260	140	0.9	2.1	1/4" Hex.	Middle grip with ON/OFF and	Gib-head key for torque adjustment	1 607 950 037
3.5–12	590	260	140	1.7	1.7	1/4" Hex.	reverse switch	for torque adjustment	
4–13	900	400	220	1.7	1.7	1/4" Hex.			
		400	270	1./		1/4//11	Dietal agin	C'h haad haa	1 / 07 050 027
5–17	690	400	270	1.6	2.3	1/4" Hex.	Pistol grip with ON/OFF and	Gib-head key for torque adjustment	1 607 950 037
5–17 5–17	690 690	400	270 270	3.3	2.3	1/4" Hex.	reverse switch		
5-17	690	400	270	6.1	2.3	1/4 Hex.			
6–20	1040	600	400	3.3	2.3	1/4" Hex.			
0-20	1040	000	400	3.3	2.3	1/4 116%.			
9–24	780	350	200	1.0	2.8	1/4" Hex.	Middle grip	Gib-head key	1 607 950 037
9–24	780	350	200	2.0	2.8	1/4" Hex.	Middle grip with ON/OFF and reverse switch	for torque adjustment	
9–24	780	350	200	3.0	2.8	1/4" Hex.			
							_		

IMPACT WRENCHES.

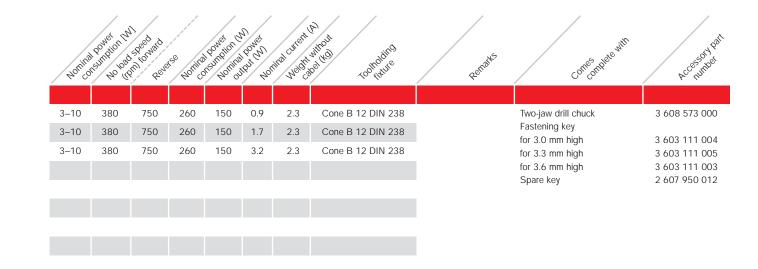


Totals fearly	orkato licatori orkato licatori orkato licatori	ged Noring	Lagard Lagard	John Polit	neight neight	alitedit. Todhist co. "statedit of the stated of the stat	guer ^e	confe ^c conplete	RCC65264 Part
30	1650	170	85	0.5	1.1	1/4" Hex. 1/4" Hex.	Handle grip with ON/OFF and		
30	1650 1650	170 170	85 85	1.0	1.1	1/4" Hex.	reverse switch		
30	1000	170	60	1.0	1.1	1/4 Hex.			
30	1780	265	135	1.0	1.1	1/4" Hex.			
80	1410	260	140	0.9	2.4	1/2" Sq. with spring pin	Handle grip with ON/OFF and		
80	1410	260	140	1.7	2.4	1/2" Sq. with spring pin	ON/OFF and reverse switch		
190	1100	360	220	1.0	3.0	1/2" Sq. without spring pin	Centre grip with ON/OFF and		
190	1100	360	220	2.0	3.0	1/2" Sq. without spring pin	reverse switch		
190	1100	360	220	3.7	3.0	1/2" Sq. without spring pin			
100	1100		0.10			1/0// 0			
190	1100	550	340	2.0	3.0	1/2" Sq. without spring pin			
350	800	850	580	2.2	5.6	3/4" Sq.	Palm grip with	Auxiliary handle	1 602 025 030
350	800	850	580	4.5	5.6	3/4" Sq.	ON/OFF and reverse switch		
350	800	850	580	8.5	5.6	3/4" Sq.			
1000	/00	050	700	2.2	0.1	1// 0	Torre beneath to the		
1000	600	950 950	700 700	2.8	8.6	1" Sq.	Two handled grip with ON/OFF and		
1000	600	950	700	5.5 10.0	8.6	1″ Sq. 1″ Sq.	reverse switch		
1000	550	730	700	10.0	0.0	i 5q.			

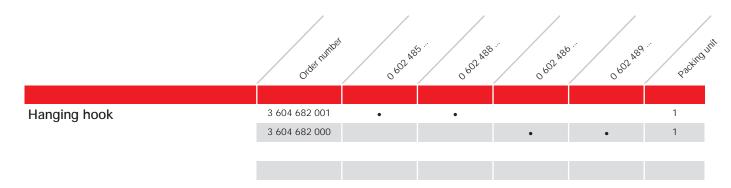
The machines come equipped with a special 4-m-long cable without plug.

TAPPERS.

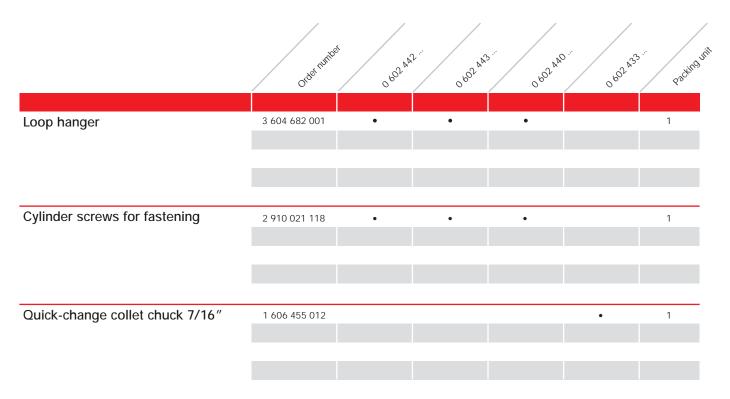




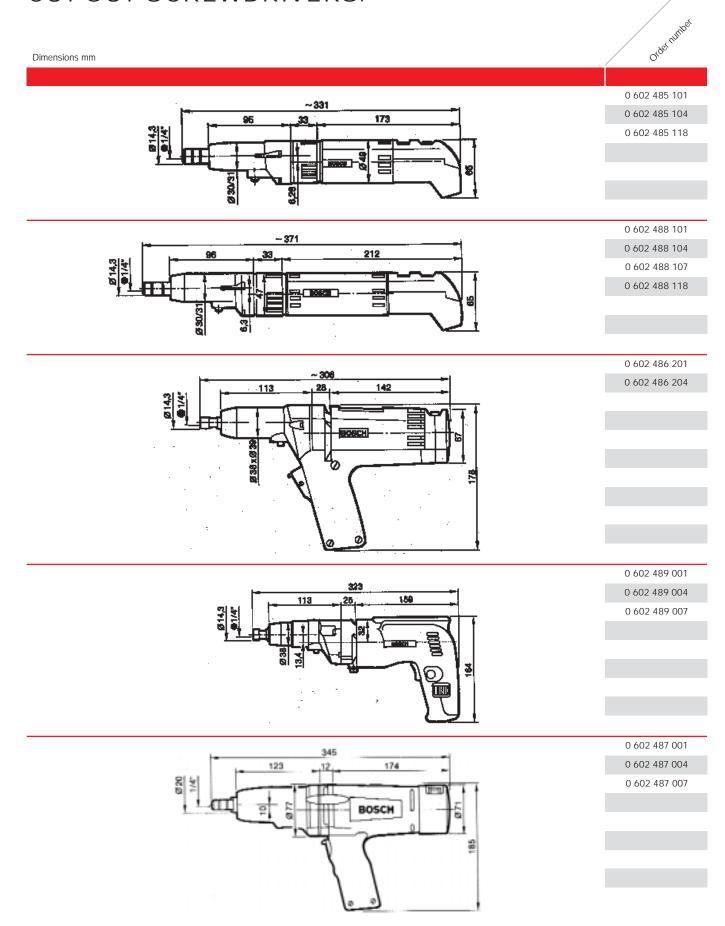
ACCESSORIES FOR SHUT-OFF SCREWDRIVER.



SPECIAL ACCESSORIES FOR SCREWDRIVERS.

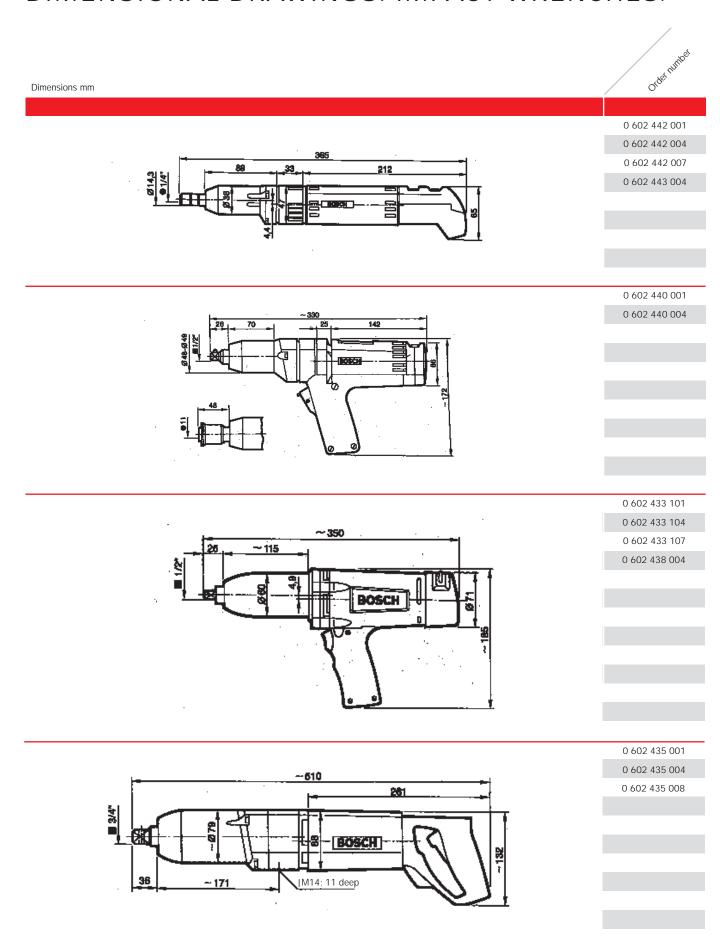


DIMENSIONAL DRAWINGS: CUT-OUT SCREWDRIVERS.

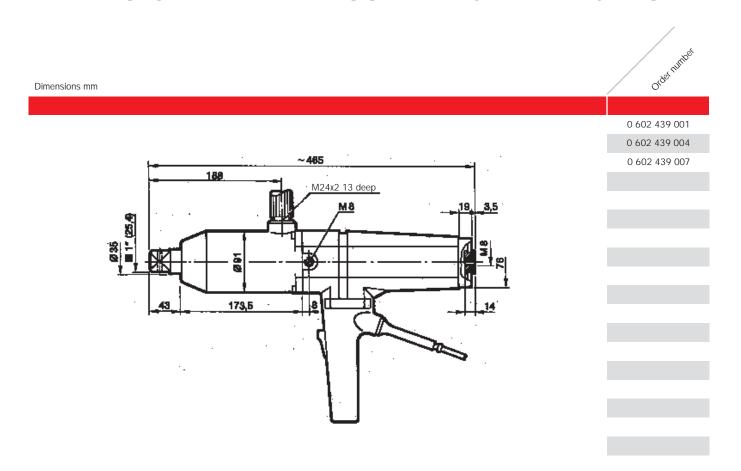


Your specialist dealer can provide you with information on the complete set of quality accessories.

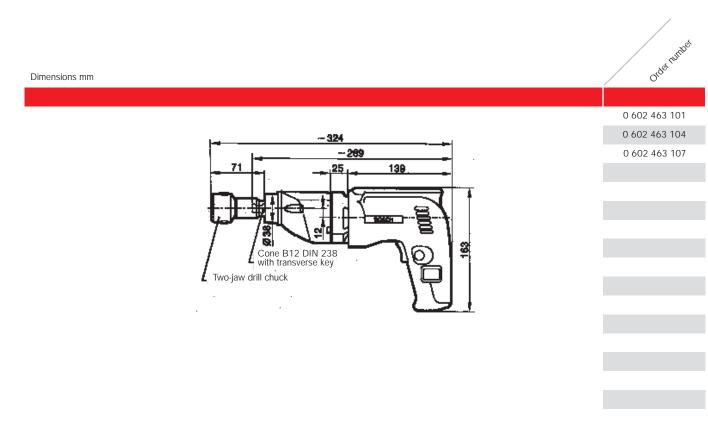
DIMENSIONAL DRAWINGS: IMPACT WRENCHES.



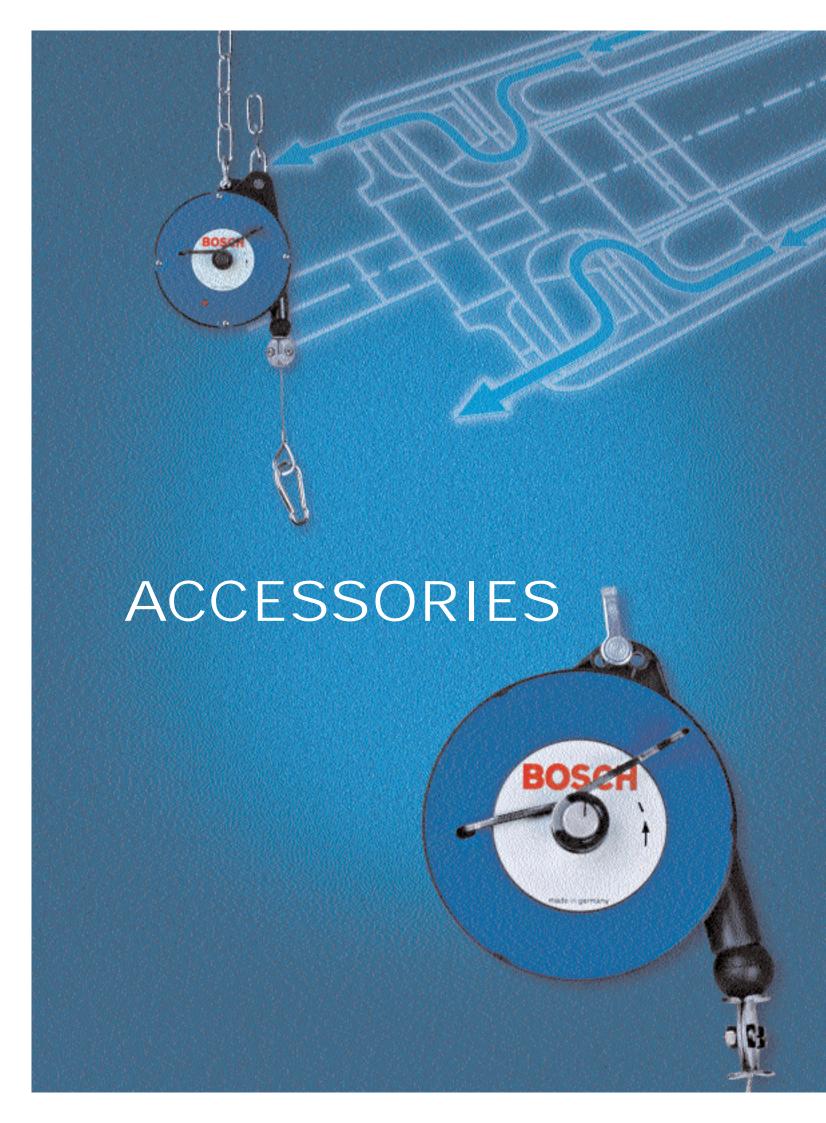
DIMENSIONAL DRAWINGS: IMPACT WRENCHES.



DIMENSIONAL DRAWINGS: ANGLE WRENCHES.







BALANCER.



Balancer

- Robust metal safety hanger including spring hook
- Bowden cable with high-quality distributor valve and safety coupling for uniform pulling out behaviour
- Spring fracture safety device balancers with a load burden greater than 3 kg
- Cable change possible without disassembly of the spring drum
- Simple change of the weight class through modular structure



lood the said	Lond Rate (Mal)	Mat (Hris)	Weigh	Restatté
0.3	1.2	1200	0.5	Spring balancer with adjustable load range
0.6	1	2000	0.7	Spring balancer with adjustable load range
1	2	2000	0.7	
2	3	2000	0.8	
0.5	2	2000	0.7	Balancer with adjustable load range with lock
1.5	3	2000	0.8	
3	5	2000	3	Spring balancer with adjustable load range
6	8	2000	3.2	
8	10	2000	3.4	
9	14	2000	3.4	Spring balancer with adjustable load range
13	17	2000	3.6	

PLUG CONNECTIONS, LEADS.

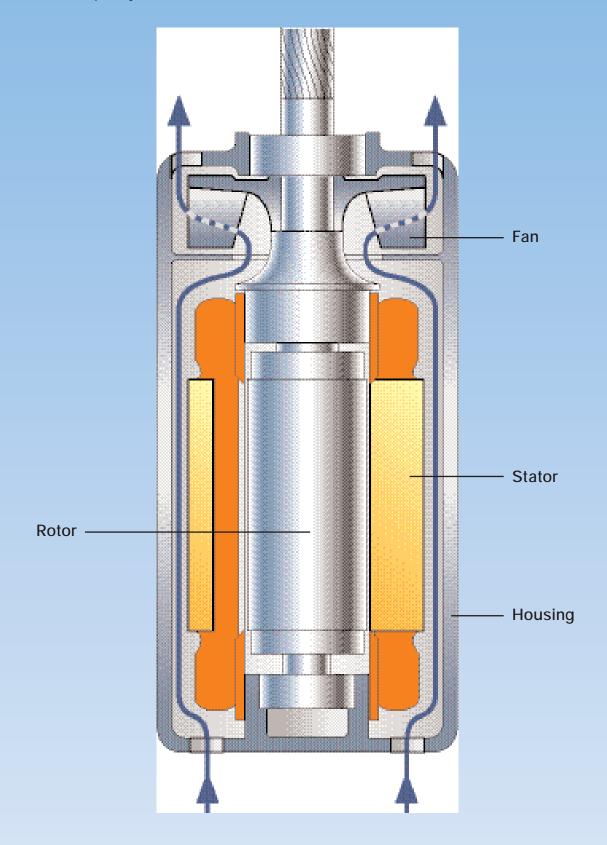
CEE plugged connections DIN 49 462/63 and 465 for frequencies from 100 to 300 Hz (green		Order Humb	et Muss en	Land capacitu	Sostered Party
	<u> </u>		7	· ·	· ·
Connector plug		1 614 482 048	50 – 300	16	1
Connector plug		1 614 482 049	50 – 300	32	1
		1 614 482 050	to 50	32	1
Coupling socket		1 614 484 010	50 – 300	16	1
Coupling Socket		1 614 484 011	50 – 300	32	1
		1 614 484 012	to 50	32	1
		1011101012	10 00	52	
Wall socket		1 614 485 024	50 – 300	16	1
		1 614 485 025	50 – 300	32	1
		1 614 485 026	to 50	32	1
Electrical leads		Oderhuri	get Material tur	the Lead closs	(Intri) Onter O tetris)
4-core cable		3 604 422 003	6 254 812 403	0.75	8
(length 50 m)		3 604 422 077*	3 604 422 023	1.50	11
		3 604 422 050*	3 604 422 024	2.50	13
working lenght 4	m (spiral line)	3 604 462 002		0.75	8
working lenght 6	m (spiral line)	3 604 462 003		0.75	8
3-core cable (length 50 m) for 42 V operating voltage		3 604 422 004	6 254 811 303	0.75	7
		*unpacked			
		anpacked			

HIGH-FREQUENCY TECHNOLOGY

Frequency converters can be obtained from: EME GmbH · Postfach 0306 · D-78257 Ettlingen · Telephone 072 43/32 06 06 · Fax 072 43/32 06 11 or 32 06 12 Please consult your stockist for information on the complete range of quality accessories.

ROBUST TECHNOLOGY FOR LONG-TERM HEAVY-DUTY USE.

A high-frequency motor is a three-phase current motor with a short-circuit rotor. Its stator and rotor consist of a laminated sheet-metal bundle. If the stator winding of the motor is connected to the three-phase current supply, a magnetic field is created (rotary field), which runs through the motor due the arrangement of the winding and which is dependent on number of pole pairs and the frequency.



A real concept: High-frequency Tools

How a good idea was consistently further developed: The designation 'high-frequency tools' came to be known through the market launch of the tools and was given to those powerful high-frequency tools with asynchronous motors, operated with three-phase current at an increased frequency of 200 or 300 Hz. In a physical sense, there is no real connection between these tools and genuine high-frequency technology, but they still came to be known under this name.

The operating frequency determines the performance

In hand tools, rotary current at increased frequency of 200 or 300 Hz combines high electrical performance with minimal motor weight. As the frequency of the rotary current increases, there is a proportional increase in motor speed and thus in the performance of asynchronic motors. This is limited by the maximum admissible circumference velocity (operating rotational speed) of the tools. An optimum performance/weight ratio is achieved by high-frequency tools operating at a frequency of 200 to 300 Hz

(Fig. 1). Large differences between motor rotational speed and operating rotational speed require larger gears. This means that weight savings from the rotary current drive are negated by the increased weight from the stepdown gearing.

High-frequency installations using exclusively grinders should be operated at 300 Hz. Using rotary current at increased frequency optimally fulfils the demand for light yet high-performance hand tools.

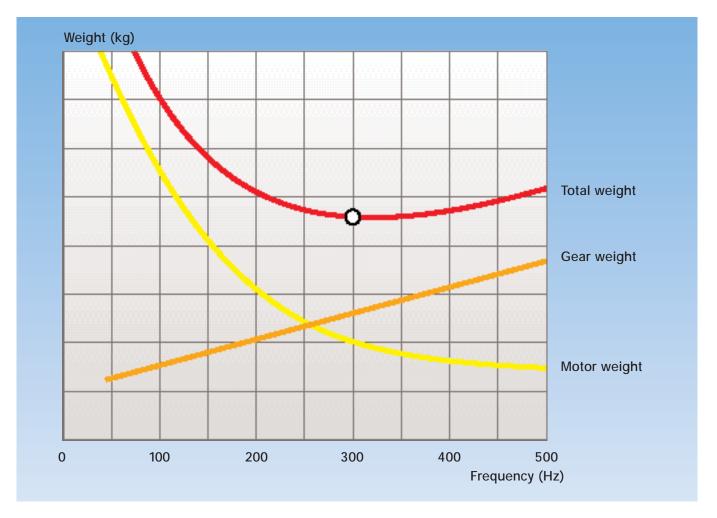


Fig. 1 The graph shows the dependence of motor and gearing weight on frequency at constant motor performance and rated rotational speed. 300 Hz yields an optimum performance/weight ratio.

RELIABLE THREE-PHASE CURRENT MOTORS WITH A LONG SERVICE LIFE.

A magnetic field forms in a three-phase current motor, which circulates through the motor. This is called a rotary field and is dependent on the number of pole pairs and frequency. When the smallest possible number of pole pairs is used, at a frequency of 50 Hz, for example, a rotary field or rotor speed of 3000 rpm results; at a frequency of 200 Hz: 12000 rpm and at 300 Hz: 18000 rpm.

Due to the short distance between bearings and the stationary stator coil, the motor is both mechanically and electrically very reliable. It is distinguished by steady, lowvibration operation. Speed drop is only approx. 5% at rated load, and peak performance is around 2 1/2 times the rated performance. Short-term overloads are possible as long as they do not result in the admissible coil temperature being exceeded. Since the objective in hand tools is to make them as light as possible with the highest possible performance, Bosch has decided in favour of "dust protection with direct cooling" for its high-frequency motors (Fig. 2). This combines the advantages of both encapsulated and open construction. The flow of cooling air ensures good heat dissipation; at the same time, dust and dirt are prevented from penetrating into the rotating system.

The design concept underlying Bosch high-frequency electric tools offers the user the following advantages:

Optimum performance in a light-weight tool

During extended operation, Bosch high-frequency electric tools achieve a performance level of up to 400 watts per kilogram machine weight. Short-term peak performance levels reach 2 1/2 times normal operating perfor mance output. These high reserves mean a decisive improvement in work performance.

• Constant rotational speed under load

The speed drop for Bosch high-frequency electric tools is only 3 – 5% at rated load (Fig. 2). This ensures that recommended average speeds can be used to full advantage during grinding and drilling. The constant average speed means that the tools can be employed more efficiently and

achieve a longer service life.

Minimal maintenance cost combined with high load capacity

Bosch high-frequency electric tools offer an easy-to-service construction design and a motor without wear parts. Even when subject to extreme stress conditions (e.g. in foundries), they live up to their reputation for long service life at low maintenance cost.

Highly effective

Due to their high efficiency levels, Bosch high-frequency electric tools offer economical, environmentally compatible operation under extended operation conditions.

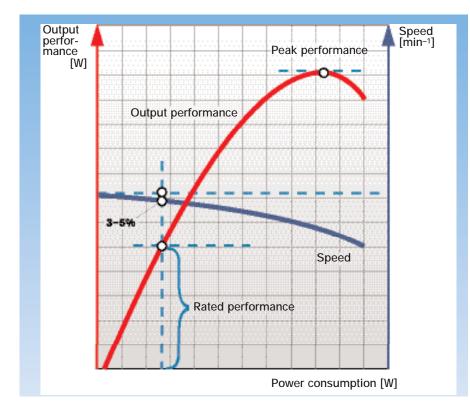


Fig. 2 Output and rotational speed curve as a function of load moment

ELECTRICAL OPERATING VALUES.

An operating frequency of 300 Hz is to be recommended for a high-frequency electric tool installation. The higher motor rotational speed at 300 Hz is particularly advantageous at today's circumference velocities for grinders. The increased motor rotational speed results in higher machine performance without an increase in weight. In so far as possible, 135 V current should be selected for 200 Hz and 200 V for 300 Hz, regardless of country.

The secondary power output of the frequency converter or its size is calculated as follows: The high-frequency electric tools to be used are grouped according to motor size and number so that their rated current consumption can be added together. Multiplying the sum of the rated current values by the operating voltage and the factor ö3 results in a calculation for the entire apparent power consumption for the tools. The formula is:

$S = \sqrt{3 \cdot U \cdot I} = 1.73 \cdot U \cdot I$

Once the apparent power value has been calculated in this way, it must still be multiplied by the simultaneity factor G in order to obtain the secondary power output of the converter. The simultaneity factor G takes into account the degree of use of all of the tools – since the tools are generally not all used at the same time.

For the simultaneity factor G, we have the following experiential values:
automobile body
manufacture 0.
motor manufacture 0.
appliance manufacture 0.
tool and form manufacture 0.
steel manufacture 0.
foundry work 0.

In planning for a high-frequency electric tool installation, you must always take into account the need for a certain amount of reserve power in the frequency converter. Particularly for small installations, you must bear in mind that the power output must be at least twice the rated power consumption of the most powerful highfrequency electric tool to be connected. This ensures that the tools will start without trouble. In the event of short-term overload, the voltage drop at the frequency converter will not be too large.

Network groups

Operating frequencies and operating voltages

	Ü	
Number of work groups	200 Hz	300 Hz
1	265 V	-
2	135 V	200 V
3	72 V	(110 V)
4	-	72 V
7	-	42 V
10	42 V	-

Ideal network group is highlighted

Sample calculation for a high-frequency electric tool installation

0.45 A foundry wishes to introduce
0.30 3 high-frequency 0 602 332 034
0.40 angle grinders with 230 mm
0.25 diameter cutting discs and 3 high-frequency 0 602 242 134 straight
0.60 grinders with 100 mm diameter grinding discs.

Calculation:

(Refer to pages 24 – 25 and 30 – 31 for current and voltage values)

3 grinders, motor size 88	3 · 10 A = 30.0 A
3 girnders, motor size 85	3 · 6.4 A = 19.2 A
Total:	49.2 A

This yields the apparent power:

 $S = 1.73 \cdot U \cdot 1$ = 1.73 \cdot 200 V \cdot 49.2 A = approx. 17023 VA = approx. 17 kVA

This value must still be multiplied by the simultaneity factor, G = 0.6 for foundries:

Converter apparent power = $S \cdot G = 17 \text{ kVA} \cdot 0.60 = 10.2 \text{ kVA}$

In this case, a converter with 11 kVA secondary power is selected so that there are additional power reserves of approx. 10 %.

DESIGNING AN INSTALLATION FOR HIGH-FREQUENCY ELECTRIC TOOLS.

Frequency converter with synchronic generator

The best solution, technically speaking, in selecting frequency converters is the combination of asynchronic motors with synchronic generators. The converters are single-wave aggregates with an asynchronic motor as drive motor and a brushless innerpole-generator with built-in current generator.

The voltage difference between idling and operation under full load is only approx. 3 % for small transformers at cos f 0.6 – 0.9, for large converters, approx. 4 %. Synchronic converters are not affected by voltage fluctuations in the primary rotary current mains and, in addition, safeguarded against short circuiting. Assimilation to the rated voltage can be effected by means of a potentiometer. Moreover, the converters are maintenance-free for 20,000 machine hours.

Secondary frequency is calculated according to the following formula:

$if_2 = f_1 \cdot p_2/p_1$

f₁ = primary frequency of rotary current mains

f₂ = secondary frequency for high-frequency electric tools

p₁ = pole pair count of the drive motor

p₂ = pole pair count of the generator

Frequency converters with a power output in excess of 4 kVA should generally not be switched into the mains direct but con-

nected by means of star delta switches. When they are switched in directly, a short-term current surge occurs. This surge could overload the lead wires on converters over 4 kVA and trigger the serial fuse. When a star delta switch is used, the current surge is reduced since current flow over the star switch is reduced to one third of what it would be with direct switching.

When a star delta switch is used, the coil of the drive motor is switched from the star (switch-on process) to the delta (operating position). It is imperative that a frequency converter that is to be operated on a 400 V mains line with a star delta switch is laid out for 400 V in the delta. If a converter of this kind is laid out for only 230 V in the delta, it can only be switched in to the 400 V mains directly over the star, that is to say, without star delta switching. When laying out a new installation, it is very important to take this into consideration.

Parallel operation of frequency converters

In order to increase the economics of the entire installation and to equalize load peaks, frequency converters can be switched in parallel. This results in optimal assimilation to the equipment being used. When frequency converters are linked to synchronic generators, no particular preparations are required to operate equipment in parallel even when power output levels differ.

Compensating for reactive current

Every inductive consumer is lumbered with a reactive current that performs no effective work, but only loads the electrical wiring. Frequency converters and high-frequency electric tools are also inductive consumers.

Compensation for reactive current on the secondary side of the converter requires considerable expenditure since each tool must be compensated separately. Depending on the number and the performance level of the individual high-frequency electric tools, a total output factor cos f of 0.5 to 0.85 is to be reckoned with. On the primary side of the frequency converter, the output factor cos f can be significantly improved if the magnetizing current from the drive motor and generator are compensated. Switching in correspondingly rated capacitors makes it possible to counteract the primary side reactance output of the converter almost entirely when idling and to compensate it under load to such an extent as to yield an output factor larger than $\cos \varphi = 0.9$.

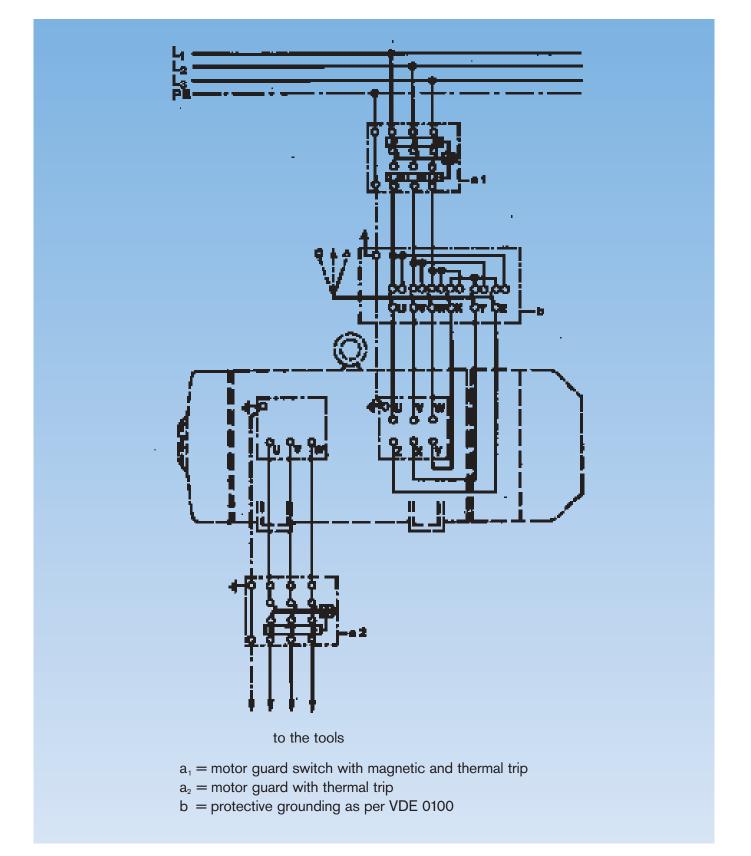


Fig. 3

ELECTRICAL SAFETY.

For high-frequency electric tools, electrical safety is assured by the protective conductor as per EN 50144 based on protection class I. When the secondary coil of the converter is switched in the star, the star point or neutral point is extended outwards. This neutral point is earthed (earthing resistance RB Œ 2 ohms) and connected to the metal housing of the electric tools by way of the protective conductors so that, at an operating voltage of 265 V, the dangerous voltage between phase and earth is only

$$\frac{265 \text{ V}}{1.73} = 153 \text{ V}$$

At operating voltages of 135 V or 72 V, on the other hand, the dangerous voltage is only

$$\frac{135 \text{ V}}{1.73} = 78 \text{ V} \text{ or}$$

$$\frac{72 \text{ V}}{1.73} = 42 \text{ V}$$

The effectiveness of the protective earthing is assured by using correspondingly robust plug fixtures of faultless electrical construction

together with suitably resistant

cables. Careful maintenance is equally important. The electric tool itself must, in its construction design, be capable of satisfying the stringent demands of industrial manufacture. Under normal circumstances, the description provided above, e.g. the protection measure "Earthing" as per VDE 0100 - 10 N is adhered to. The possible protective measures may be classified and subdivided as follows:

- 1.0 protective measures without switching device
- 1.1 protective insulation (VDE 0100 - § 7 N)
- 1.2 low voltage, 42 V (VDE 0100 - § 8 N)
- 1.3 protective separation (VDE 0100 – § 14 N)
- 2.0 protective measures with switching device
- 2.1 protective earthing (VDE 0100 - § 9 N)
- 2.2 reduction to zero voltage (VDE 0100 - § 10 N)

In cases 2.1 and 2.2, switch-off is effected by fuses or corresponding thermo-magnetically triggered station circuit breakers.

The greatest possible degree of protection is reached by using fault current (FI) circuit breakers in addition.

Protective insulation as per 1.1 is not applied to high-frequency electric tools. Low voltage as per 1.2 finds application only in special cases in which, due to existing regulations, it cannot be avoided. Because of the high currents involved, this measure is very problematic with respect to cable cross-section, switches, plugs etc. when applied to the transmission of large outputs. Small screw drivers comprise an exception. In this case, one is better off using protective separation as per 1.3, according to which every tool must have its own separator-converter. Protective separation should be restricted to circumstances in which it is absolutely necessary.

Here we wish to focus on the protective measure "reduction to zero voltage as per 2.2" since it finds application primarily with high-frequency electric tools. The voltage reduction should continuously prevent excessive contact potential on installation parts that do not belong to the operating circuit (see Fig. 5). It requires direct earthing of a midpoint or star point conductor and is effected by connecting the installation parts that are to be protected either to the neutral conductor or to a special protective

conductor that is in turn connected to the neutral conductor.

The protective measure "reduction to zero voltage" thus switches off defective installation parts since the inline fuse directly before the defective location is activated.

If the fuse is really to be activated, certain voltage reduction conditions as per VDE 0100 - § 10 N must be complied with. The most important voltage reduction requirement: The cross-section of the leads from the power

71

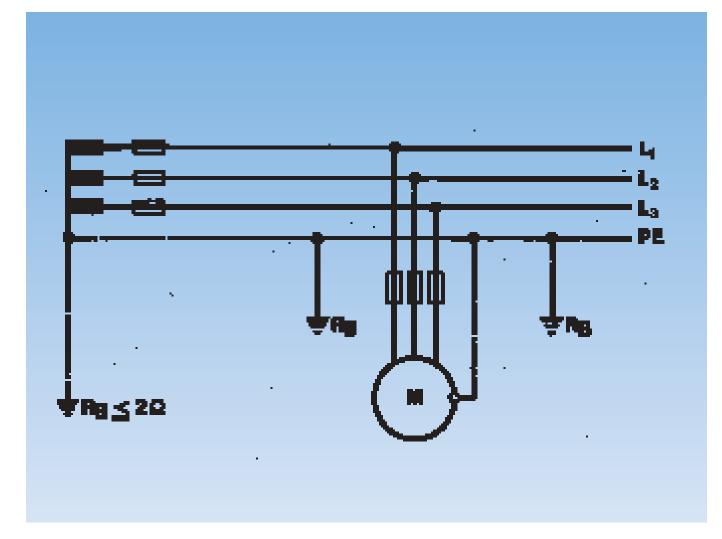


Fig. 4

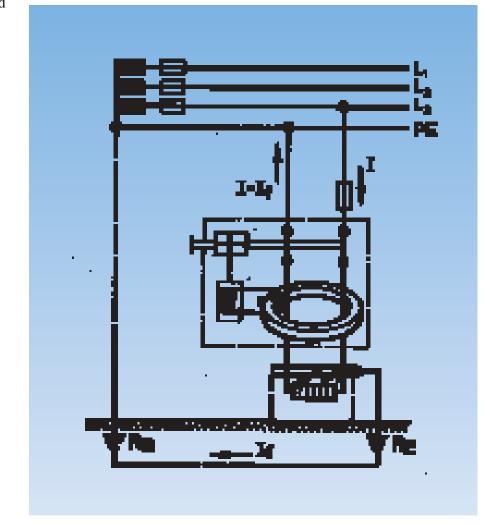


Fig. 5

generator or converter to the power consumer must be rated so that the switch-off current I_A of the next upline excess voltage protection unit according to table I VDE 0100 – \S 9 N will at least be activated whenever a complete short circuit between an outer conductor and the neutral conductor occurs at any point in the circuitry.

One can also use fault current circuit breakers in addition, as shown in Fig. 6 (illustrated, for the sake of simplicity, for single-phase current) The FI circuit breaker receives its impulse from a current transformer through which all of the lead wires inclusive neutral conductor pass. The secondary coil of the current transformer supplies the activation current for the relay coil of the FI circuit breaker. The wires surrounded by the current transformer generate an alternating magnetic field in the core of the transformer if all of the currents do not neutralize each other in sum total (Fig. 7). During faultfree condition of the FI circuit breaker, the current flowing to the consumer is of exactly the same magnitude as that flowing back from it. Thus the two currents neutralize each other. There is no resulting induction onto the secondary coil of the current transformer, and the relay coil of the FI circuit breaker remains currentless (Fig. 6).

If there is a fault condition at the FI circuit breaker, a fault current flows off through the earth; the currents in the current transformer are no longer all mutually neutralized and induction results. Voltage is induced on the secondary side of the transformer.

The relay coil in the FI circuit breaker is activated (Fig. 7). 45 mA FI circuit breakers are available for 265 V/200 Hz rotary current. FI circuit breakers for rotary current at other voltage and frequency levels must be specially requested from appropriate manufacturers.

A schematic representation of an FI circuit breaker is provided in Fig. 8. In order to accommodate the regulations and specific conditions in other countries, Bosch offers high-frequency electric tools for various operating voltages (265 V, 135 V, 72 V, 42 V at 200 Hz; 200 V, 72 V, 42 V at 300 Hz). At the lower voltages, however, only a few high-frequency electric tools should be used in close proximity to the associated frequency converter. This is because the currents arising at high power levels and low voltage require cable cross-sections that would be too large.

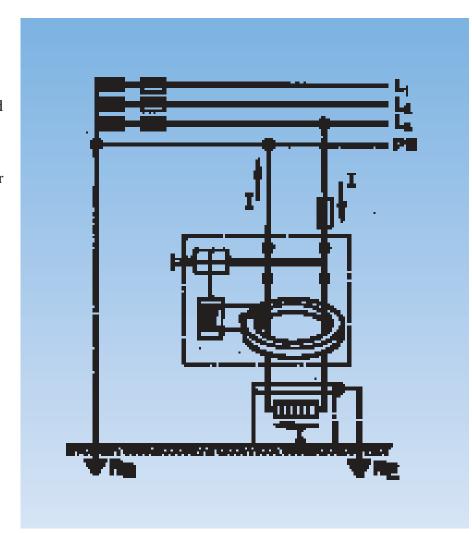


Fig. 7

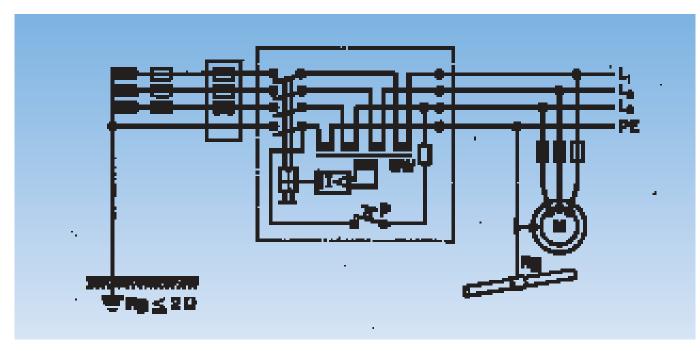


Fig. 6

THE DISTRIBUTION NETWORK.

The distribution network must not have any connection with the existing 50 Hz supply mains. For this reason, special CEE plugged connections as per DIN 49462/63 and DIN 49465 are prescribed for frequencies between 100 and 300 Hz. The housings for the plug, coupling box and wall socket are all green. The different shape of these plugged connections prevents existing 50 Hz plug units from being combined with either the plugs or the coupling boxes. Depending on practical requirements, either movable or fixed leads may be used for the distribution network between the

frequency converter and the individual high-frequency electric tools.

The transmission of high power levels at low voltage is uneconomical in broadly distributed installations. There will either be high installation costs due to the large lead cross-sections required or else transformers will be needed to reduce the higher voltage at the place of tool operation.

Presupposing a constant level of power transmission, predefined voltage drop and equal lead length, the lead cross-section is inversely proportional to the square of the voltage, i.e. half the voltage will require a lead cross-section that is four times larger. The required distribution network cross-section can easily be determined by refering to Figs. 9 to 12. The admissible voltage drop of 5 % from ohmic resistance, the admissible temperature increase and the voltage drop from inductive resistance are all taken into account in calculating lead cross-sections. The illustrations are to be read as follows:

Fig. 8: Cable cross-section as a function of voltage and lead length

Move horizontally from the left or the right, depending on the type of current, with the value of the power to be transmitted until the row intersects with the column for the voltage. Next, move vertically downwards until you intersect with the line for the lead length (simple length), then move horizontally again to the left or the right.

Fig. 9: Cable cross-section as a function of voltage and performance factor

The cross-section calculated in Fig. 9 is now tested for temperature rise. Move horizontally from the left with the value of the power to be transmitted until you intersect with the column for the voltage. Next, move vertically downwards until you intersect with the line for the output factor $\cos \varphi$; finally, move horizontally to the right to find the cross-section for the type of lead you are using.

Fig. 10:
Cable cross-section as a function of frequency and inductive resistance
If the cross-section for rotary current resulting from Figs. 9 and 10 exceeds 10 mm², you must then apply the precise calculated value to Fig. 10 in order to take the inductive voltage drop into account. Next, move vertically upwards from the horizontal

base line until you intersect with the frequency curve. Then move horizontally to the left or right. The larger of the calculated values for the cable cross-section is decisive in determining the lead.

Inductive resistance is significant for large cross-sections. These, in turn, are necessary at low voltages or high frequencies. Calculation of the curve in Fig. 11 was based on an assumed output factor $\cos \phi$ of 0.7 for the consumer.

For single phase alternating current installations with an output factor $\cos \phi = 1$, inductive resistance can be ignored even for large cable cross-sections.

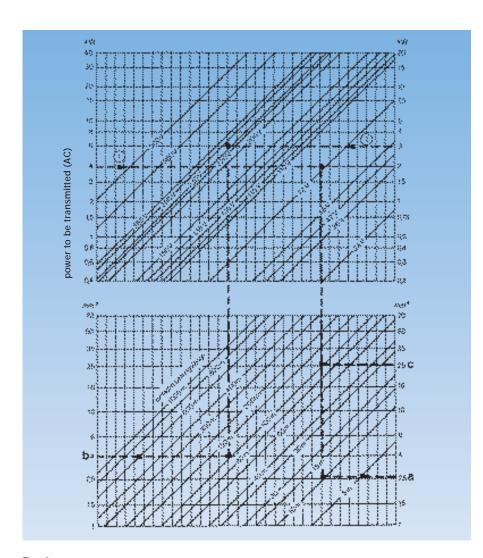


Fig. 8

Example a:

Transmission of 4 kW, 72 V rotary current, $\cos \phi = 0.8$, lead length (simple) 10 m. Cable cross-section calculated in accordance with Fig. 9: 2.75 mm². Cable cross-section calculated in accordance with Fig. 10: 4.8 mm² (selected cross-section: 6 mm²) The cable cross-section of 2.75 mm² calculated on the basis of Figs. 9 and 10 is not sufficient; the cable would get too hot. Testing in accordance with Fig. 11 is not necessary since the cross-section is

Example b:

less than 10 mm².

Transmission of 3 kW, 220 V single-phase alternating current, cos ϕ = 0.9, lead length (simple): 100 m. Cable cross-section calculated in accordance with Fig. 9: 4 mm². Cable cross-section calculated in accordance with Fig. 10: 0.9 mm². According to Fig. 9, a crosssection of 4 mm² is required. This value is decisive since Fig. 10 yields a value of only 0.9 mm² and there is no danger of overheating.

Example c:

As in "Example a", but at 200 Hz rotary current with lead length of 100 m. The cable cross-section calculated in accordance with Fig. 9 is 27 mm². This value must be tested in accordance with Fig. 11. In this example, the larger cross-section of 50 mm² must be selected.

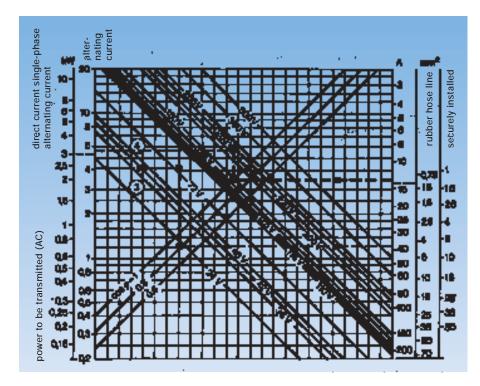
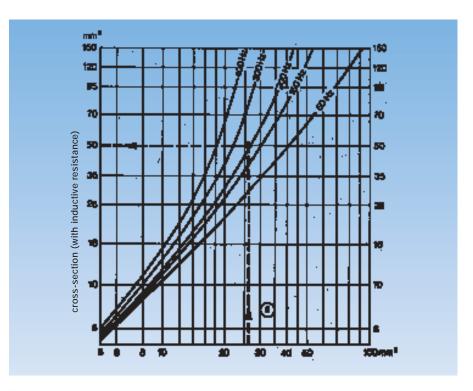


Fig. 9



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Fig. 10

Bosch Customer Support Services is always available to answer questions on the use of high frequency tools and the area of high frequency technology in general.

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